



THE CHINOOK ADVANCE

Vol. 17

Chinook, Alberta, Thursday, Aug. 11, 1932

No. 17

Counter Sales Books

1000 books	-	5 1-4c per book
500 books	-	6c per book
250 books	-	8 1-4c per book
100 books	-	11 1-4c per book

We have a complete set of samples and prices

and will be pleased to show them to you.

Chinook Advance

We can supply you

with the most appetizing of Cooked Meat, Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, Corned Beef, all ready for the table.

We also have the best in Fresh Beef, Pork, etc., Special this week—Pure lard 7 cents per lb.

CHINOOK MEAT MARKET

Do not wait

until the last minute for **Massey-Harris Repairs**

—Order early and be sure and get them

Banner Hardware

Advertising Pays!

Let the public know what you have for sale, rent or trade through the medium of the

Chinook Advance

Dance Every Saturday Nite

CHINOOK HOTEL BALLROOM

Free groceries to holder of lucky number.

False Accusation Against Tourists

To the Editor Chinook Advance:

It has come to my personal attention that the six young ladies from the Queen City of Canada, Toronto, my own home town, who were returning from their vacation spent at Vancouver and happened to stop over in Chinook on their return homeward and who engaged the family suite for the night in the Chinook hotel and attended Mr. L. Thomas' honeymoon dance, have been accused of being prostitutes.

It seems strange that decent and honorable ladies cannot register at the Chinook hotel without being falsely accused and I wish to state any further accusations against any guest or guests registered at the Chinook hotel hereafter will be vigorously prosecuted and a warrant taken out for the arrest of the party or parties making statements detrimental to any guest or guests while registered at my hotel.

—C. O. Peters.

Municipal District of Collhorne No. 243

Applications will be received by the undersigned for the position of secretary-treasurer for the Municipal District of Collhorne No. 243, up to August 25th. Duties to commence September 1st. Salary \$1200.00 per annum.

L. S. Dawson,
Secretary-Treasurer

Threshing is in full swing in Southern Alberta. Yields are reported up to 32 bushels an acre and the grade is said to be uniformly high.

U.F.A. Staging Political Rallies

Drumheller—Three Dominion members of parliament and the provincial premier will speak from one platform in Drumheller, Saturday, August 13, when the U.F.A. stages the first of a series of monster rallies.

The three M.P.'s are J. S. Woodsword, president of the newly organized commonwealth federation; Robert Gardiner, president of the U.F.A., and E. J. Gardiner, member for Bow River constituency, Norman Priestly, vice-president of the U.F.A., will also be on the platform.

It is expected that there will be an attendance of over 3,000 people. Invitations are being sent to farmers in a radius of 60 miles of Drumheller.

The rally will open Saturday morning with a picnic at Midland Auto Park, north of the River. A basket lunch will be prepared at 12.30 p.m., with the afternoon session starting at 5.30.

Premier Says No Farm Foreclosures

Arrangements have been made between the provincial government and the mortgage companies under which no farm mortgage will be foreclosed without the approval of the Alberta debt adjustment board and no foreclosure will be made while interest payments are being maintained, according to local officials of Alberta Wheat Pool. Besides the promises not to foreclose, arrangements were reached to have payments made in grain. Any farmer who is having trouble in this respect should communicate with the debt adjustment board.

Merchants Come Under Debt Ruling

Edmonton.—Debt adjustment facilities was extended to Alberta merchants beginning on and after Aug. 1 when the second part of the amending act passed at the last session became operative. Premier Brownlee announced with the proclamation of the act recently the appointment of J. J. Frawley as official referee under the terms of the amended legislation.

While originally limited to farmers, the debt adjustment plan is now to apply to merchants, who will have similar privileges adjusting their indebtedness to those already available to farmers.

Report Formation of \$30,000,000 Pool in U.S., Canadian Grain

New York.—The New York Times says the formation of a \$30,000,000 pool to operate in wheat is reported to have been virtually accomplished.

The pool, the paper says, will be managed by Arthur W. Cutten, of Chicago, a prominent operator in the grain markets of the United States and Canada for years.

Conditions in wheat, the Times continues, are believed such that a substantial betterment in price can be brought about, especially after hedging operations are over, which usually is around September 1.

Wheat Taken at \$1.00 Bushel by Merchant

Moosejaw.—A Saskatchewan merchant has notified his customers he will accept wheat at \$1 a bushel net in payment of accounts, in the belief that many adjustments in debts will have to be made before conditions improve and hoping that other creditors may be inspired to do likewise.

S. A. Whitaker, Conservative M.P.A. for Moose Jaw County, who operates stores at Briercrest, Heanue and Bayard, in a letter to customers said: "We know that if it were humanly possible you would only be too glad to pay the account 100 per cent as usual; and we realize that it is not your fault that conditions are such as to make that impossible. So, by giving you the privilege of paying with about equal bushels as would have been paid at the time it was contracted, it should be fair and reasonable."

Whitaker has written to eastern interests notifying them of his step and urging the needs of eastern manufacturers reducing their cost of manufacturing and of "selling goods and services at a level that will be commensurate with what the farmer has to sell."

"He Died From -"

Here lies the body of any man who died on any day in any month of any year—B.C. or A.D.—aged three score years and ten. During his sojourn on earth, what follows is recorded of him:

He ate—
150 prime head of cattle,
225 lambs,
26 sheep,
310 swine,
2400 chickens,
26 acres of wheat,
6 acres of sundry fruits.

He drank of sufficient drinks to make a great lake and in warming himself and preparing his food, he used the substance of 150 great big trees.

He slept for twenty-five years, the remainder of his days of pilgrimage were apportioned as follows:

He spent three years and six months in eating and drinking;
Three years in dressing and undressing;

Two years and six months in going to and coming from his work;

Thirteen years and nine months in study;

Ten years and three months in amusing himself.

The remaining twenty-two years of his life he worked and thereby earned the wherewithal to do all the above things.

Finally—he died.—EX.

A "New Way" harvester has been demonstrated on a farm near Winnipeg. Among the saving things claimed for this machine are, it eliminates twine stooking, picks up all heads and saves quality of straw, has power take-off enabling speedy disposal of harvest at one stroke, and saves both time and labor. This machine stacks the grain, and, in case of wet weather, these stacks can be speedily removed. It handles any kind of crop.

China has never been a unity unless under dynastic or foreign pressure.

We Now Have a Supply of

Red Head Tractor and Motor Oils and Greases, Tractor Fuel, Kerosene and Gasoline, also

Holland Extra Prime Binder Twine

LET US SUPPLY YOUR NEEDS

COOLEY BROS.

Phone 10

Newspaper Best Publicity Medium

Striking endorsement of the value of newspaper advertising is embodied in "The Road to Good Advertising," a book written by Kenneth Collins, vice-president of R. H. Macy and Company, of New York, one of the largest departmental stores in the world. He leaves no room for doubt as to his faith in the newspaper as the best medium for the retail merchant. "It has always been the best advertising medium we stores can employ." He also declares emphatically against the reduction of advertising budgets during a period of depression. Expanding this idea he says:

"It is a blunder to allow newspaper advertising to materially decrease as pessimism mounts. If we subscribe to the thesis that buying is essential at this time then this is not the time to curtail our promotional activities. The stores that have continued with intelligent, sound, aggressive advertising campaigns have fared better of late than those stores which have curtailed too rigidly."

"Few business ventures requiring the stimulus of advertising could live without use of the newspaper. It is the one dominant advertising medium. In it we spend more than one-half of the entire budget for all forms of publicity. We do so rightly."

Mr. Collins is said to receive one of the highest salaries ever paid an advertising executive, and his opinion that good merchandizing depends on good advertising is worthy of respect.

There once was a driver named Morning,
Who refused to heed any warning
He drove on the track
Without looking back,
So they're mourning this morning for Morning.

House For Rent

Possession can be given August 15. Inquire Imperial Building Supplies, Ltd.

Old-Timers Leave Chinook

We are sorry to have to report that Mr. Jas. Rennie has been appointed grain buyer for the Rose Lynn Alberta Pacific Grain Co. as we were hoping that they would remain in our midst. Mr. and Mrs. Rennie and daughter, Miss Ina, moved to their new home last week—Rose Lynn's gain will be Chinook's loss. The family came here in 1917 and during that time have endeared themselves in the hearts of the people, making a host of friends. At all times they were cheerful and willing helpers with any enterprise for the good of the town and district. Mrs. Rennie was a member of the Ladies' Aid acting as sec-treas. for a number of years, also a member of the W.I. and Card Club.

The Advance joins their many friends in wishing them success in their new home.

Roads signs giving the mileage from Chinook to Saskatoon and Calgary were placed at conspicuous corners both coming in and going out of town.

Chinook Barber Shop

Experienced, up-to-date sanitary service guaranteed to ladies men and children.

H. W. BUTTS,
Proprietor

Chinook Beauty Parlor

First-Class Work at Reasonable Prices
Open for business at all times except Mondays

Miss Mae Petersen, Prop.
Phone 5, CHINOOK

Holland Extra Prime Binder Twine

550 feet and 600 feet on hand

John F. Neeb
Agent for Acadia U.F.A.
Co-operative Assoc. Ltd.

28 4 11

Board and Room - \$30 month
Board only - \$25 "
Room only . . \$10 "

Home cooking and real home comforts

Chinook Hotel

The 40th Anniversary of "SALADA" TEA

For 40 years SALADA has given the finest quality in tea. Present prices are the lowest in 15 years.

Lessons Of The Depression

A cabinet minister in one of the prairie provinces has expressed the view that the present business depression in this country is "a blessing in disguise" because it is teaching people many lessons which it is in their own interests and in the interests of the country at large they should learn.

While one can agree that many people are learning some rather hard lessons these days, taught in the school of bitter experience, we are hardly prepared to go so far as to regard such experiences as "blessings," even in a disguised form. The men and women out of work in cities and towns, and the farmers who have suffered complete crop failure year after year, and who have not been able to market such meagre crops as they may have succeeded in raising at a price above the cost of production, and both of which groups have, of necessity, been forced to subsist on Government and Municipal relief, and go deeper into debt for that relief, fail to see where the "blessings" come in.

But it cannot be denied that some valuable lessons are being learned, hard and bitter though the experience of learning those lessons may be. And if these lessons are thoroughly learned, taken to heart and not forgotten when the difficult days of the present have passed, then the trials and hardships of the present will not be all loss; there will be some profit in future years.

Quite a few people, for example, have learned to appreciate the value of having a little something in reserve, something laid by for a rainy day, as the old adage puts it, or, perhaps, on the prairies we could more appropriately say, for a dry year. The mistake of spending up to the last dollar of one's income in years when they had incomes has been impressed upon thousands of people, and it is probably safe to predict that, when once again these people are in receipt of incomes in excess of their actual living requirements, they will lay something aside by small instalments from their weekly wages or annual farm operations.

Governments, too, have probably had the lesson enforced upon them that they likewise must accumulate reserves in years of prosperity to tide themselves and their people through the lean years, rather than, as in the past, embark on large spending programmes when revenues are large and easy to collect. Public debts should be reduced in good years, because they are bound to rise in bad years. When times are generally prosperous, Governments can afford to hold off large programmes of public works and construction, and proceed with them when general employment declines and it is necessary to provide work.

Governments and large industrial employers of labor, it is to be hoped, have also learned to appreciate the fact that they have an obligation towards all the people on the one hand and their own employees on the other, and that the profits accruing to industry in good years must not, in the future, be all distributed in dividends to shareholders, or held in reserve to pay dividends when business drops off, but that an adequate percentage of those profits must be set aside in some form of unemployment insurance in order to provide protection for the workmen who assisted to create those profits. In future labor in industry must be protected just as effectively as the shareholders in industry. Many large concerns realize this, and even welcome it, but it is the duty of Governments to see that it is universally adopted.

Another lesson that is being learned is the unwisdom of putting all one's eggs in one basket, to quote another old proverb. In good times many business men have re-invested all their profits in expanding their businesses far beyond the needs of normal years, and in good years must not, in the future, be all distributed in dividends to shareholders, or held in reserve to pay dividends when business drops off, but that an adequate percentage of those profits must be set aside in some form of unemployment insurance in order to provide protection for the workmen who assisted to create those profits. In future labor in industry must be protected just as effectively as the shareholders in industry. Many large concerns realize this, and even welcome it, but it is the duty of Governments to see that it is universally adopted.

Lack of ready money in this depression has taught many of us how to really economize; how many things we can do for ourselves if we will; how many things we actually do not need which we formerly thought we must have. A list of such things, each perhaps small in itself, could be given that would fill this newspaper column. And we are actually better off for the doing of things for ourselves instead of having somebody do them for us.

Some readers may think we are advocating a lower standard of living. Not at all. The standard of living in this country should mount steadily higher and higher. The difficulty is that we have confused what is essential to a high standard of living and what is not. Some things are essential to such a standard, but many things we have regarded as essential are not; rather they are pure luxuries, and these we should do without until we are well able to afford them. They should never be purchased until some reserve has first been accumulated.

Less mushroom growth; less waste and extravagance than in the past; continued economy in the matter of non-essentials such as we have been forced to practice recently; the building up of some reserve,—these are requirements for the future; they constitute some of the lessons of the depression.

Might Try Again

The following correction appeared in a small town paper: "Our paper carried the notice last week that Mr. John Doe is a detective in the police force. This was a typographical error. Mr. Doe is really a detective in the police force!"

Summer Complaint

"I have found Baby's Own Tablets the best of all children's remedies for Summer Complaint, Colic, Teething and Constipation," writes Mrs. George Walker, Thomasburg, Ont. Certificate of SAFETY in each 25c package. More than 1,250,000 packages sold in 1931.



BABY'S OWN TABLETS

"What's that?" asked Sandy, pointing to something on Donald's neck. "It's a mole," answered Donald. "Well," said Sandy, "the mole's moving, Donald."

Many a woman gives a party just for the pleasure of not asking her dearest enemy.

Argentina is making a variety of paper from straw pulp.

PERSONAL

SCOTTISH LADY AT PRESENT IN Canada, would like to take in charge one or more young ladies. Has experience in travel abroad, and with Canadian girls could act as companion to lady, in any part of Canada, or as travel companion. Has excellent testimonials both in Canada and in Britain. Would willingly give more information to interested party.—Apply Box 50, Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., East, Winnipeg, Man.

An Interesting Document

Old Trading House Rules For Women In 1648

A document recently brought to Winnipeg, Manitoba, from one of the northern trading posts of the Hudson's Bay Company, dated back to 1648, shows the following provisions relating to women.

Marriages—Throughout the country, in the absence of clergymen, chief factors only shall solemnize marriages, and no person shall be permitted to take a wife at any establishment without the sanction of the gentleman superintending the district.

Employment for the women and children—In the course of the week, due attention shall be bestowed to furnish the women and children with such regular and useful occupation as is suited to their age and capacities, and best calculated to suppress vicious and promote virtuous habits. Education—As a preparation to education, the women and children at the several posts in the country shall be addressed and habituated to converse in the language (whether French or English) of the father of the family, and that he be encouraged to devote a portion of his leisure time to their instruction as far as his own knowledge and ability will permit.

Contribution To Science

Report New Scientific Discovery Made By Curie Family At Paris

Mme. Marie Curie's family has made a new contribution to science. The discovery of a ray stopped more easily by common paraffin than by lead is reported in Nature, British Journal of pure science.

Irene Curie, daughter of the famous woman scientist, and F. Joliot, the daughter's husband, report the discovery and say this ray is probably a beam of neutrons, almost infinitely tiny things called as new "ultimate particles" of matter.

The discovery offers light on the possible nature of neutrons.

Persian Balm is a true elixir of youth. Refreshes and rejuvenates. Adds a youthful charm to the complexion. Softens and beautifies the skin. Makes hands flawlessly white. Indispensable to the woman who appreciates subtle distinction. Delightful to use. Delicately fragrant. So, the dry and irritated skin. Corrects and cures all skin diseases. Tolerant for every discerning woman. A true aid to beauty.

Canadian Salmon

Canada Leads In Canned Salmon Imports Of Great Britain

Canada in the first six months of 1932 has definitely maintained the leadership in the canned salmon imports of Great Britain, which she captured from the United States a year ago. British trade figures show that in the first six months of 1930, the United States supplied 10,057,264 of the total import of 22,166,032 pounds, and Canada was second with 4,603,200. In 1931 Canada assumed first place with 9,560,544 pounds, and United States was second with 7,140,896. This year Canada sent 8,991,808 and the United States 3,977,264.

The Last Asthma Attack may really be the last one if prompt measures are taken. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will bring about a cure. It will penetrate to the smallest bronchial passages and bring about a healthy condition. It always relieves and its continued use often has a permanent effect. Why not get this long-famous remedy today and commence its use? Inhaled as smoke or vapor it is equally effective.

Hatching Wild Ducks

Nature is being assisted in keeping up the supply of wild ducks for the sportsmen of Manitoba. Eight thousand young wild ducks have been hatched in incubators and are now learning to swim in the waters of Lake Winnipeg. Eggs were gathered near the lake and the young birds, although hatched by artificial means, present a healthy appearance. The experiment has been so successful that it is proposed to hatch 16,000 in this way next year.

The Same Name

A woman entered a meat store with her small daughter. Seeing some tripe in the refrigerating case, the little one asked what it was.

"Tripe, dear," replied her mother. "That's funny," said the child. "Daddy says that's what we get over the radio."

The woman who marries a man because she is sorry for him is apt to be sorry for herself later on.

A pinch of grease will keep starch from sticking.

The glow of phosphorus is due to slow oxidation.

Stop and Think!

it pays to
"ROLL YOUR OWN"
with

It pays in pleasure—and pays in actual cash.
For Turret Fine Cut is fragrant, mellow Virginia tobacco, that rolls into thoroughly satisfying cigarettes. You can roll at least 50 cigarettes with a 20c package.

FREE Chantecler cigarette papers with every package.

TURRET FINE CUT Cigarette Tobacco

15¢ and 20¢ packages—also in 1/4 lb. vacuum tins

End Of Reparations

Conference At Lausanne Marked a Great Step Forward

To speak of the Lausanne Conference as if it were a European conspiracy against the United States is totally wrong. Lausanne marked a great step forward. It showed the European nations have returned to sanity, after all the madness of war and post-war nationalism. Because the Lausanne settlement will sooner or later bring the United States to a reconsideration of war debts, that inevitable result is not brought about by the desires of the Lausanne negotiators but only by their mutual recognition of their helplessness in the face of existing conditions. —Winnipeg Tribune.

Miller's Worm Powders, being in demand everywhere, can be got at any chemist's or drug shop, at very small cost. They are a reliable remedy for worm troubles and can be fully relied upon to expel worms from the system and abate the sufferings that worms cause. There are many mothers that rejoice that they found available so effective a remedy for the relief of their children.

Practically His Own Doctor

Prince Of Wales Has Profited By Much Advice

The Prince of Wales has become his own doctor—to a certain extent—according to his own testimony before the British Medical Association. "I have had so much advice," he told the learned physicians, "and have also learned like many others how to keep myself fit—that I have to some extent become my own doctor. The doctor," he added, "is certainly our first friend in life and our last."

The Japanese government is considering spending \$10,000,000 in buying more private railways.



Thousands of MOTHERS ARE GRATEFUL

"... I wish I had known about this when I raised my first baby," so many mothers tell us. "Fretful, crying babies make mothers grow old. Our new Baby Welfare Food tells how to keep your baby laughing and well—a joy rather than a care. Write today and it will be mailed to you free."

The Borden Co. Limited, 115 George St., Toronto, Ont. Gentlemen: Please send me free copy of booklet entitled "Baby Welfare."

Name _____ Address _____ C.W. 19

Eagle Brand MILK

Quite At Home In Air

New York Girl Files Regularly To Southern Plantation

Flying over five countries while commuting between New York and Puerto Rico, Miss Clara Livingston at the controls of her own plane makes a solo flight of some 2,000 miles several times a year as casually as most women drive their automobiles to town. Having inherited a plantation in Puerto Rico, Miss Livingston, whose home is in Jamestown, N.Y., finds air transportation the most efficient aid in helping her attend to her business and widely separated interests. She is one of the few women who fly in Latin America.

Her arrival at Miami brings out as many government officials as would a steamship, as she must be cleared by the customs officers, the health officer, the immigration officer, and the plant board.

New Question Raised

U.S. Customs Asked To Refund Duty Charged On Goods Made At Sea

The United States Supreme Court was asked to decide whether customs duties can legally be imposed on articles produced on the high seas.

The question was raised by the Proctor and Gamble Manufacturing Company of Cincinnati on the importation of whale oil used in the manufacture of soap.

Under protest it paid a duty of six cents a gallon on the oil, taken in the Ross Sea by Norwegian seamen under contract and brought suit to recover the money.

The trial court held that ships at sea and the property in them are a part of the country to which the ship belongs and that the whale oil was taxable as coming from Norway.

It Will Prevent Ulcerated Throat.

At the first symptoms of sore throat, throat, sore throat, and inflammation, take a spoonful of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Add a little sugar to it to make it palatable. It will allay the irritation and prevent the ulceration and swelling that are so painful. Those who were periodically subject to quinsy have thus made themselves immune to attack.

Son Of Charles Dickens

Sir Henry Dickens, K.C., only surviving child of Charles Dickens, the novelist, is retiring from the position of Common Sergeant of the City of London, England, which he has held for 15 years. In this office he sits constantly as a judge at the Old Bailey. Sir Henry, who is 84, is the oldest judge still upon the bench.

Sweet and palatable, Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator is acceptable to children, and it does its work surely and promptly.

Glasgow, Scotland, is to have a new \$1,400,000 hospital.

French Take To Air

Private Pilot's Licenses Show Big Increase This Year

French citizens are taking to the air for their own pleasure in greater numbers, according to the increased number of private pilot's licenses granted by the French government during the year ended March 1932, which totalled 465 as compared with 131 during the same period of last year, states a report from Assistant Trade Commissioner H. C. Schuetta, Paris, France.

He: "If we were married, darling, the hours would roll by without our noticing them."

She: "Do you mean we probably wouldn't be able to afford a clock?"

France is the principal world source of bauxite, from which aluminum is derived.

"WHY LOOK YOUR AGE?"

asks Billie Burke

"I really am 39," says this famous star. "And I don't see why any woman should look her age."

"We on the stage must keep our youthful freshness. To do this through the years means, above everything, guarding complexion beauty. For years I have used Lux Toilet Soap regularly—it keeps my skin amazingly clear and soft."

Years ago Broadway stars eagerly adopted Hollywood's favourite beauty care—Lux Toilet Soap. Actually 98% of the lovely complexions you see on the screen are cared for by this fragrant white soap that costs only 10¢!



"I'm 39"

W. N. U. 1934

Scientific Advances Assist Economic Progress Only When Benefits Are Reciprocal To All

To aid directly in the efficient utilization of Canadian resources to meet Canadian needs: To aid as a nation in extending the bounds of man's knowledge: These are the objects of the National Research Laboratories, established at Ottawa by the Government of Canada.

Science, in the production of man's material needs, effected the industrial revolution. It flung wide the limits of goods and services at man's disposal. It made possible the support of populations exceeding populations of the pre-scientific era by hundreds of millions and it offers man today the possibilities of material and cultural advance beyond the dreams of other ages.

A few days ago, a speaker, before a secondary education conference in New York, made the following statement:

"Society is fundamentally different from what it was a few generations ago. Perhaps even as late as two generations ago it was impossible to produce enough for everybody.

"The long-term answer, as to whether we can afford secondary education necessitates a consideration of the available economic energy in the United States. One hundred and forty years ago approximately 90 per cent of all the people were engaged in agriculture or allied pursuits. In other words, it took 90 per cent of the population to provide the basic food, clothing and shelter for the entire population. Today 20 per cent of the population can provide all of the food, clothing and shelter and leave 80 per cent to provide cultural services and other types of commodities and services."

Science says, in effect, today:

"What we have some one must produce. Millions living in vast areas of the earth in sub-standard conditions of life even in normal times challenge our production system. If the sum total of goods and services man creates is not sufficient to go around there is under-production. Until very recently a millionaire, an Englishman recently declared extravagantly, there will not be over-production. The distribution of purchasing power in order that society may take full advantage of its own development and power is society's supreme responsibility. Extreme and un-co-ordinated individualism as Sir Josiah Stamp has suggested, may not be the solution. A world of potential plenty has been brought from a world of relative scarcity. So quickly has the transformation been effected that the possibilities of the changed circumstances in which man finds himself are yet but dimly appreciated. A fundamental change in the outlook of the common man is involved. There is potential economic energy sufficient to drive poverty from the earth. Thousands can be made available for new and greater tasks as society may direct."

It has been estimated that since the Great War the methods of production used by or available in industry in Great Britain have made it possible for at least a 50 per cent, greater volume of goods to be produced with the same amount of labour. The International Labour Office reports that from 1925 to 1928 output in Germany rose by from 16 to 100 per cent. In various industries, while in Austria from 1924 to 1927 there was an increase of from 27 to 78 per cent. In the United States during the period 1918-20 to 1924-26, the average output per worker in the four main branches of national activity (agriculture, mining, manufacture and railways) rose by 27 per cent. In Great Britain according to the same source, the increase in production in a group of ten industries from 1924-1929-30 was 11 per cent, while at the same time the number of workers employed fell by 8 per cent.



"How long have you been married?"
"Do you mean this time or all together?"—Karl Kraus, Oslo.

W. N. U. 1954

The figures indicate the increased productive capacity of modern industrial equipment, contrasting sadly beside the record of millions living in sub-standard conditions of life, and emphasize the necessity of comprehensive action.

The estimate that between 1845 and 1929—the period in which science made its greatest advances—the number of people in the world to be supported increased by more than 800,000,000, from 1,009 million to 1,809 million, refutes the charge that science has lessened opportunity for employment and if further rebuttal were necessary there stand the records of the gigantic electrical industry, built from the findings of Faraday, of the chemical industry, and many others employing millions which owe their present state of advance or their existence to science.

The following statement was made by William Green, the President of the American Federation of Labour, in the New York Times of July 17, 1932:

"During the period of high producing activity—1922 to 1929—the number of unemployed was steadily increasing, because of the rate of technical change. Even at the peak of production the unemployed had mounted to 1,000,000. This was the result of installing improved machinery and new processes without planning for the workers displaced and the consequences to the whole economic structure. Technical improvements become authentic economic progress only when adjustments bring reciprocal profits to all. The progress is in two directions—increasing opportunity for creative work and more adequate and dependable incomes. Neither groups nor nations can make continuous progress unless their gains are shared with others. The poverty of one is a drag upon the prosperity of others."

"When a company installs a new machine that, with a single operator, does the work of sixty-nine men, what becomes of the sixty-eight? When a glass-bottle machine with one operator turns out as many bottles as forty hand operatives, what becomes of the thirty-nine? A new machine to prepare gold leaf for window signs reduced the payroll of one group from sixty-four to seven."

"In agriculture, machinery made possible an increase of 1,185 per cent in productivity per worker between 1850 and 1924. This brought a displacement of labour of 80 per cent."

"The printer-telegraph substitutes typist for trained Morse telegraph operators in addition to displacing workers."

"The number of telegraphers and telephone operators controlling railway traffic has steadily declined since 1921, in close correlation with technical changes. Automatic devices and central and remote control of train movements have brought displacement. The decline between 1921 and 1931 for all groups in traffic control was 33 per cent."

"The loss of work opportunities to telephone operators through the dial system is 32.5 per cent."

"Mechanical music in motion-picture houses in Washington, D.C., displaced 60 per cent of the musicians in white theatres and 91 per cent, in colored. Unemployment among all musicians is now 553 per cent."

"One operative and a ditch-digging machine can do the work that forty-four diggers with hand shovels formerly did."

"This problem of displaced workers is one which single companies or industries cannot solve within their own jurisdiction. It requires too wide a knowledge of economic trends and specific facts. To help meet the needs of business and these displaced persons the Federation has proposed a federal agency accumulating information on man-hours of work by industries, workers available and potential, and the factors that determine productivity and output. Such an agency would perform for wage earners and managements a service in some respects similar to that which the Weather Bureau performs for ships; it would report where highs and lows in employment are developing, broadcast warnings of danger and spread advice in business planning and organization of the labour market. Such an agency could help to avert a situation like the one that plagues us now."

There are 619 miles of subways in New York City, of which 213 miles are actually underground.

Antarctica, or the Antarctic continent, is believed to have an area of about 5,000,000 square miles.

Old Sayings Modified

Original Meanings of Many Have Been Practically Lost

Have you ever wondered what some of our everyday sayings mean, and how they originated? Some of them have practically lost their original meanings, and others have become very modified by the passage of time.

For instance, the expression, "As mad as a hatter," is only a corruption of "As mad as an ass" or "viper," and as the old meaning of "mad" was "venomous," the whole saying can be translated into "as venomous as a viper."

We do not, however, mean anything nearly as drastic as this when we use the saying nowadays.

Another saying which has altered somewhat in meaning is that a man "is not worth his salt." We do not literally mean that he is so degenerate as to be unworthy of the small sum expended on this household accessory, but that he is not worthy of his pay.

This is, of course, what the phrase originally meant, as the word "salary," coming from the same root as salt, was the money paid to a Roman soldier in return for his salt, which was provided with that then highly prized commodity.

Some of our expressions date back to old customs, as with the phrase "to take pot-luck." In former days, and indeed in the present day, it was the custom, in some of our remote country villages to keep a large family cooking pot always boiling over the fire, and into this anything edible was thrown, so that when meal time each person dipped in for his or herself, and what they received was "pot-luck."

To "laugh up your sleeve" would seem a very peculiar thing to do if we took the saying literally, and yet it has its derivation in the fact that in bygone days sleeves were worn very wide and long, and if a person wished to hide a smile, he had only to lift his hand to his face to literally laugh up his sleeve.

One Of The Really Great

Hon. Stanley Baldwin Is Always Kind To Cameramen

Some of the photographers at Ottawa were surprised at the readiness of Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin to pose for newspaper pictures. As soon as the English statesman saw the cameramen approach, he greeted them with a smile.

Most of the really great men are like that. It is only the ones who think they are important that try to make a fuss about their pictures being taken. And those same chaps are usually anxious to get their pictures right on the front page.

Oyster fisheries in the United States now rank second only to the salmon fisheries in value.

Before his conversion, St. Paul was called Saul.

BRITISH OLYMPIAN



Here is the baby of the British Olympic team, shown as she had her first glimpse of New York, where she arrived, en route to Los Angeles. She is 16-year-old Mary Kenyon, one of England's foremost girl swimmers who hopes to add to her laurels and at the same time help her country at the international games.

Good Fishing In Saskatchewan

Polluted Lakes and Streams Intrigue The Angler

The fisherman visiting in Saskatchewan will find ample opportunity to use his favorite rod and best tackle. A good all weather road leads northwest from Prince Albert to Sturgeon Lake (Namek Lake), which is one of the noted pickering lakes of the district. It also contains pike, perch and whitefish. Emma Lake, thirty miles north west of Prince Albert, is well supplied with fish and offers ideal camping locations. It is a beautiful lake with irregular shore line and extensive sandy beaches for bathing. It is surrounded by a heavy stand of trees, including spruce and birch. Sixty miles northeast of Prince Albert is Candle Lake, more difficult to reach, but offering miles of sandy bathing beaches surrounded by heavy spruce, jackpine, birch and poplars, wonderful scenery and an abundance of game fish.

Message From Prince

A party of schoolboys leaving for Canada in the charge of Col. J. S. Hills, received a bon voyage greeting from the Prince of Wales. "His Royal Highness," ran the message "hopes the boys will visit his High River ranch in Alberta, and sends his best wishes for their ninth tour."

Within His Rights

A Frenchwoman recently had her husband hauled into court because he refused to utter a word of conversation at any meal time. The court decided a man had a right to eat in silent peace if he wanted to.

"Genuine education doesn't always come out of books."

FRENCH-CANADIAN HANDICRAFTS



French-Canadian handicrafts and products of the loom from all parts of the province were on view when the fourth annual Provincial Handicraft Exhibition at the Manor Richelleu was officially opened by O. A. Beria, director of the Department of Homecraft of the Quebec Government. Here is Eva Bouchard, better known to thousands of Canadians as Maria Chapdelaine, heroine of the French-Canadian classic, with a charming piece of handwork. Mile. Bouchard now gives most of her time to improvement of living and working conditions among the women in the rural parts of Quebec.

Rust Resistant Variety of Wheat May Be Available To Farmers Within a Period of Three Years

Rust, the disease of grain, has cost Canada in epidemic years as many as 100,000,000 bushels of wheat.

It has been estimated that the total yield of wheat on the Canadian prairies during each of the past two years has been reduced by drought by approximately the same amount.

At the annual meeting of the Associate Committee on Field Crop Diseases in Winnipeg on April 21, it was announced that a rust resistant variety of wheat would be available for distribution to the farmers within two or three years time. The hopes of the Committee may thus be fulfilled just ten years after the attack on the rust menace was co-ordinated and accelerated by the appointment of the Committee. Dr. Robert Newton, the acting director of the Division of Biology and Agriculture, National Research Laboratories, and Professor of Field Crops and Plant Biochemistry, University of Alberta, has said: "The solution of such a problem in that period of time must be regarded as a scientific triumph of the first order."

Under the aegis of the Associate Committee on Grain Research of the National Research Council a comprehensive programme of investigation into drought resistance is now being embarked upon.

Plans have been made for the work to be done at the University of Alberta and the University of Manitoba. The University of Alberta is following a fourfold programme:

- (a) To ascertain the resistance of wheat varieties to drought.
- (b) To study in detail certain morphologic and physiologic characters associated with drought resistance.
- (c) To study the mode of inheritance, and genetics, of drought resistance.
- (d) To produce desirable strains of wheat resistant to drought.

With assistance from the Council the work that has been in progress at the University of Alberta will be expanded. At the University of Manitoba, the Council is making it possible to do for Durum wheats what has already been done on such an extended scale in various laboratories for bread wheats. Because of the demand, particularly in Italy where it is used for the manufacture of such alimentary pastes as spaghetti and macaroni, Durum wheats have been selling at a premium over the bread wheats. It constitutes a large percentage of the wheat production of Manitoba and is not so susceptible to the most common forms of rust. Its significance in the drought resistance programme of the Associate Committee on Grain Research, is in its suitability for growth in dry climates.

With the recent destructive effects by drought to agriculture in the United States several major projects on drought resistance in field crops have been developed there, but it is probably in Russia that to date the most extensive studies on this problem have been made. The Lenin Academy of Agricultural Sciences has an organization known as the Institute of the Control of Drought, organized for this particular purpose. A special journal devoted to the publication of material on drought, is issued by the Institute. Several new drought resistant varieties, superior in yield as well as in quality to other Russian wheats, have been developed by the plant breeders of that country.

In 1928 the University of Alberta received a number of Russian wheat varieties which were developed for growing in areas with a limited precipitation. During the past three years these varieties have proved to be superior to our own common grown varieties in resistance to drought but are very inferior in certain other agronomic characters, especially quality. In 1929 Dr. O. S. Aamot, Professor of Genetics and Plant Breeding at the University of Alberta, commenced a breeding programme by making nine crosses between the Russian varieties and local strains which are superior in their characteristics in which the Russian varieties are inferior. The hybrid material developed in this way has reached the segregating generations and now an intensive study is about to be begun. Arrangements have been made to conduct the field tests on dry land at Brooks, Alberta. These field tests are made possible through the assistance given for field work by the Canadian Pacific Railway Irrigation Division and the Seale Grain Company. The rest of the work on the project will be conducted at the university where laboratory and greenhouse facilities are available. An apparatus in which it will be

possible to generate artificial "chill-outs" has been constructed. It is similar to that used by Dr. V. Y. Talianov, one of the Russian experts in drought resistance. It consists of a glassed-in chamber connected with a flue to a heating apparatus. Fans for wind blasts and equipment for temperature and humidity control are placed in the flue. Plants to be tested are grown in the greenhouse, and in pots in the field in summer, and then moved to the special chambers where various combinations of wind, temperature, humidity and soil moisture can be supplied. The chinko winds which have been mentioned as the warm dry winds which at frequent intervals, and without much warning, blow down the passes of the Rocky Mountains on to the plains, particularly in southern Alberta.

Investigations involving plant breeding and efforts to discover the fundamental nature of drought resistance, as the cereal rust work has indicated, require many years to bring to completion. Dr. Aamot thinks, however, that valuable progress should be made in the work to produce desirable strains of wheat that are resistant to drought in ten years time. Three years work has already been done on it at the University of Alberta.

Spurs All Barriers

Ontario Farmer Claims He Owns Champion Hog Jumper

Who owns the champion jumping hog in Ontario? That valuable progress should be made in the work to produce desirable strains of wheat that are resistant to drought in ten years time. Three years work has already been done on it at the University of Alberta.

"I have a three-year-old Yorkshire sow which took to jumping out of the pen. I could not keep her in, so I added a board all around. She went over that. I added another and she took the leap over that. Then another which made the total of five feet in height, and behold—she cleared that with ease."

Patronize Home Product

Statistics Show Manitoba Girls Prefer Canadian Fur Husbands

Manitoba brides prefer natives. Whatever the romance of far countries, the charm of strange people, they pick the home product first when choosing a life mate. The latest vital statistics for the province of Manitoba show that five times out of six Manitoba born girls marry British subjects or prefer Canadians. The remainder prefer Slav or Teutonic spouses to Asiatics or even Latins, and only one in a couple of thousand marries a black. And the home preference goes double for Manitobans men.

Arctic Islands Preserve

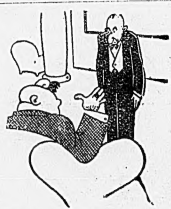
Wild Life Sanctuary Consists Of Large Land Area

The area of wild life preserves set aside for the benefit of natives by the Department of the Interior, in the North West Territories, Canada, has been extended by taking in all islands under Canadian jurisdiction north of the districts of Mackenzie and Keewatin, with the exception of a part of Baffin Island. This large area is now known as the Arctic Islands Preserve. It embraces a land area of 439,109 square miles.

Insures Church Collection

A country minister in Australia has insured his Sunday collections against rain.

In case of a downfall calculated to interfere with the attendance, he will get \$20, and it costs him \$1.50 weekly to carry the policy. It is not known whether prayers for rain were excluded in the bargain.



"The maid found a silver spoon in the hall, sir."
"A delicate guest with a hole in his pocket."—Buen Humor, Madrid.

Keep Health the Eno Way

You do not have to use drastic and strong cathartics that cause irritation. ENO'S "Fruit Salt," by gently and safely relaxing the intestinal tract of poisons, will help to make you and keep you healthy. A dash of ENO in a glass of water every morning or night prevents the evils of constipation. Be ENO conscious.

C.W.S.

ENO'S FRUIT SALT

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

Manitoba's only salt well has started production in commercial quantities.

France has agreed to make no move toward revision of her debt to the United States until conditions are more favorable.

Richard Nicholls, licensee of the Centre Hotel, Swansea, who does not bet, has travelled 23,500 miles to attend 48 consecutive Derby races.

Mill stones used for grinding wheat 100 years ago will be used again by Albert Miller, who is at present preparing to operate a water mill near Raglan, Ont.

There was a substantial gain in the Prairie Provinces wool clip last year. Alberta clipped 4,554,000 pounds, Saskatchewan 1,605,000 pounds, and Manitoba 1,202,000 pounds. Total 7,361,000 pounds.

President Hoover's fortune has dwindled from \$4,000,000 in 1914, when he retired from active business, to \$700,000 at the present time, the magazine Fortune asserts in its August issue.

The appointment of S. J. Hungerford, acting president of the Canadian National Railways to be a member of the board of directors of the government-owned system is announced.

A giant aeroplane, believed the largest land plane ever constructed, has been completed in the aircraft plant of the Ford Motor Company, Dearborn, Mich. Officials plan a test flight in the immediate future.

Adding to his already large holding of big trees, Frank J. D. Barnjum, of Montreal and Annapolis Royal, U.S., has completed the purchase of an additional 248 acres of giant Douglas fir trees on Vancouver Island.

While driving his own automobile, Dr. Hugo Eckener, dirigible expert, tried to pass another motor car and ran into a tree with such force that he knocked it down at Kempton, Germany.

The collection of nineteenth-century British Empire postage stamps gathered by Dr. H. A. James, president of St. John's College, Oxford, England, was sold recently for nearly \$34,000.

Extend Shooting Season

United States Season For Ducks and Geese To Be One Month Longer

Restrictions imposed on hunting ducks and geese in the United States last year were so successful in promoting an increase in these game birds that the 1932 open season will be two months instead of one month allowed in 1931.

The season will be October 1 to November 30 in the states bordering the Canadian prairie provinces, Minnesota, North Dakota and Montana. Throughout the country there will be a daily bag limit of 15, and a possession limit of 30, on all species of ducks.

Parachute leaps from airplanes at night are being attempted, with the aid of spot and flash lights.

Phosphorus for medicinal use is obtained from distillation of bone.



"There is room for only one here," Bondagelise-Strix, Stockholm.

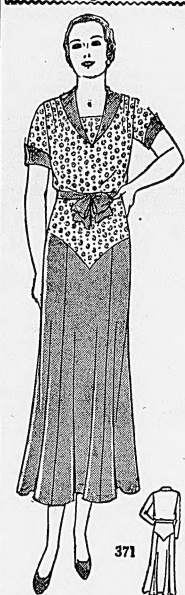
W. N. U. 1934

Reporter Ate the Evidence

Investigation Regarding Cheese Had To Be Called Off

The reporter dropped into the civic relief depot at Oshawa, Ont., in search of news. He was feeling rather hungry. There was a piece of cheese. He ate it.

Then the trouble began. The cheese, it seems, had been returned by an inmate householder, who declared it was absolutely unfit for human consumption. It was to have been examined by the medical health officer, food inspector, members of the relief committee and other officials. But, with this evidence gone, the investigation was called off.



MOST HELPFUL LINES ARE EMBODIED IN THIS MODEL FOR THE MATRON

You have only to note its slender paneled cut skirt, bias seamed neckline and becoming V-shaped neckline to realize this.

And to make it! The bodice cuts in one until it joins the skirt. And by the way the gored skirt that gives one such charming height, you'll note is slightly circular toward the hem.

Plain blue linen combines with blue and white printed crepe linen in this slim-line model.

Style No. 371 is designed for sizes 36, 38, 40, 42, 44, 46 and 48 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards of 38-inch plain material with 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch figured material.

It is equally attractive carried out in one material with contrasting collar and cuffs.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (cash preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 177 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

.....

Name

.....

Town



"I ain't one of the graspin' sort. I'm considerin' your interests. The more you like to give me unsolicited, the less I'll have to take off you by force—see?"—The Humorist, London, England.

Aviators Had Trying Time

Blown Off Course German Flyers Lost For Two Months

Two months ago Capt. Hans Bertram, 27, and Mechanic Adolph Klausmann took off from Koepang, Timor Island, for Darwin, Australia, 500 miles south. In their Junkers seaplane "Atlantis" they had left Germany three months prior, on a tour to boost German trade. From Koepang they never reached Darwin. For weeks flyers and foot parties searched the bush of Australia's north coast. Some black natives found the abandoned plane, and Capt. Bertram's case and a handkerchief, on the beach near Drysdale Mission, 100 miles northwest of Wyndham, Australian officials continued searching, dubiously. At last, one day a police launch brought Bertram and Klausmann ashore at Wyndham, nearly deranged by suffering. Blown off their course in the night the flyers had landed near Drysdale, thinking it was Melville Island. They had a few biscuits, no water. For days they tramped the bush in search of water and friendly natives, and later drank the contents of the plane's radiator. On several occasions they plodded miles to what they thought was a signal fire, arrived exhausted to find an unattended bush fire. They "caught" lizards on the rocks, which we ate ravenously. They fashioned a raft from one of their seaplane floats, paddled for five days in a rough sea, saw a steamer pass within a mile of them. Hunger drove them again ashore, to feed on snails and leaves. On the 38th day "our great excitement was sighted a black, who brought a large fish, which we cooked and ate ravenously. We knelt and offered prayers to the good God for our deliverance.

In Remscheid, Prussia, Capt. Bertram's home, his mother had turned grey, his grandmother had died of grief.

Few Hand-Lace Workers

Old Industry In France Is Gradually Dying Out

Attention is being called to the discouraging decline in the hand-made lace industry in France. When the few remaining lace-makers, mostly very old women the remote corners of Flanders and the Vosges districts, have died, it will probably be next to impossible to find anyone to take their places. Prices will of course rise and those who possess collections of fine old lace will be able to ask large sums for them.

High tariff barriers have made exportation practically prohibitive, the one remaining open market being Belgium, a country which makes nearly all of her own lace consumption. Low wages are also discouraging the lace workers who find that they can earn far more at packing sardines on other less artistic work.

Machine Makes Rain For Russian Farms

Tests Of Device Said To Have Proved Satisfactory

An artificial rainmaker termed at Leningrad, the first in the world, has been produced by the special institute for artificial rain.

The rain making machine develops current at 75,000 volts and preliminary tests are stated to have proved highly satisfactory.

A second apparatus, with a capacity of 200,000 has been put into construction. This larger machine is expected to produce even more startling deluges.

It is understood that this apparatus and others which the institute plans to construct will eventually be installed in central Asia and in sections of the Volga region where a scant natural rainfall often harms crops.

When resting, a mosquito raises its hind legs.

Newspapers Win Prizes

Western Weeklies Receive Awards At Recent Conventions

Prizes were awarded to the leading weekly newspapers at the annual convention of the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association when the Roseworth (Sask.) Eagle, published by C. W. Holmes, was awarded the Charles Clark cup, open to weeklies with circulation over 1,000 and under 2,000. Second prize went to La Chute (Que.) Watchman, and third to the Dufferin Leader, of Carman, Man.

The Hugh Savage shield in the competition for papers under 1,000 circulation was won by the Grand Forks, B.C., Gazette, A. F. Mason, publisher. There was a tie for second between Alameda (Sask.) Dispatch, and Curling, Newfoundland, Western Star, Swan River (Man.) Star and Times and third, and Flin Flon Miner, Miss Louise Schell, publisher, was fourth.

A special prize for the best front page display donated by J. A. McLaren, of the Barrie Examiner, was won by the Yorkton (Sask.) Enterprise, published by S. N. Wynn.

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ORANGE FILLING

(Sufficient for 1 two-layer cake)

- 1 egg.
- 6 tablespoons sugar.
- 2 1/2 tablespoons cornstarch.
- 1/2 cup water.
- 1/2 cup orange juice.
- 1/2 teaspoon grated orange rind.
- 1 tablespoon butter.

Beat egg, add sugar and cornstarch. Mix well. Add water, juice and rind. Cook in double boiler 15 minutes, stirring frequently. Add butter. Cool before spreading on cake.

Orange Date Filling

(Sufficient for 1 two-layer cake)

Add 1/4 cup chopped dates to Orange Filling.

Orange Marshmallow Filling

(Sufficient for 1 two-layer cake)

Make Orange Filling, adding to it 8 marshmallows which have been quartered.

PARTY PUNCH

- 1 pint tea infusion.
- 1 pint cold water.
- 2 cups sugar.
- 2 cups crushed pineapple.
- 1 cup orange juice.
- 1/2 cup lemon juice.
- 1/2 cup strawberry syrup.

Mix all the ingredients and stir until the sugar is dissolved. Dilute with crushed ice. Serve in tall glasses garnished with thin slices of lemon and maraschino cherries.

Rule By Daughter

Isabel MacDonald Looks After Health Of British Premier

The real ruler of No. 10 Downing Street, official home of the British Prime Minister, is not Ramsay MacDonald, but Isabel, his daughter.

Ramsay may call world conferences, he may parley with foreign statesmen, but it is Isabel who sees that he is punctual, that he is dressed correctly, that he gets his meals on time, and that he gets sufficient rest.

Premier MacDonald's personal comfort is Isabel's life work. It is rumored that all thoughts of marriages have been put out of her head so long as her father is to be looked after.

A looking after father is no easy job. He is one of those intense people. If he had his way would remain in conference all day and night. It is Isabel who gently but firmly reminds him that some food and sleep occasionally are necessary.

Now her duties have been added to by Mr. MacDonald's eye affliction.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

AUGUST 14

THE TEN COMMANDMENTS II.

Golden Text: "Thou shalt love thy neighbor as thyself."—Leviticus 19, 18.

Lesson: Exodus 20.12-21.

Devotional Reading: Psalm 18.

Explanations and Comments

The Law Of Filial Piety, verse 12.—Thou shalt honor—love and respect—thy father and thy mother. This is the first commandment with promise, Ephesians 6.2: "that thy days may be long in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee." The promise coupled with this command in common with almost all the promises made to the ancient people of God, applies rather to the nation than to the individual. The people among whom the sacredness of the family ideal is maintained, whose children render obedience to their parents during the time of immaturity, and always honor them, will be the nation of strength, retaining its hold upon its own possessions, and abiding. "The motive was not the highest motive, nor, for us could it be the true one; but for slaves just escaped out of Egypt, it was wise."—H. W. Beecher.

The Law Of Life, verse 13.—Thou shalt not kill. At the Hebrew word here translated "kill" is not the usual word for kill, the English Revised Version (not the American), translated the sentence, "Thou shalt do no murder." The prohibition does not include every kind of killing, but only that kind which we call murder. One who kills a man in order to save his own life or the lives of others is charged with manslaughter, not with murder. One who commits murder is actuated by a personal motive or passion. The soldier in battle is not actuated by personal feeling against the one whom he kills; he is fighting for his country, for the lives of others, and does not violate this commandment.

The Law Of Purity, verse 14.—"Thou shalt not commit adultery." Recall Jesus' words about this commandment, Matthew 5.27-32. "Jesus lifted the whole matter to a high plain when He said it was impossible to deal with the question of human purity unless we deal with it in the thought stage. Jesus said that the man who indulges in evil mental attitudes is guilty, and from this his indictment He would not excuse the woman who by act or dress is partner to this mental state on the part of the man."—Arthur E. Holt.

The Law Of Honesty, verse 15.—"Thou shalt not steal." "Borrowing without the permission of the lender is embezzlement under another name, even though it be done but temporarily, against the receipt of a check overdue, or an intention to make the default good later on. Such articles in common use as umbrellas and books are often 'borrowed' by people of defective memory. They are weight, scant measure, adulterated goods, excessive prices, sweated wages, underselling to squeeze out the market, are things which the wisest of men suffer them to pass unchallenged and practice them with an easy conscience."—Allan Fowler.

The Law Of Truthfulness, verse 16.—"Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbor." See Exodus 23. 1, 2; Deuteronomy 19.15-20. The law refers primarily to false evidences given in a court of justice, and then, naturally, to any false testimony about another given under any circumstances. Few escape wrongful accusation of some sort. A new era is dawning upon us—of public men whose most serious relations to their own merits, and nefarious projects can no longer be supported by a name.

The Law Of Desire, verse 17.—The last of the Ten Words differs radically from the rest. It closes the second part of the code and refers not only to man's relations to his fellows, but his relation to himself. Not only is he to suppress all those acts which disrupt his relationship to God and man; he is to check and control all those impulses which surge up within his heart; he is to regulate and purge the very sources of action.

Selling Emperor's Treasures

Tourists Are Offered Articles Belonging To Former Chinese Rulers

The treasures of an emperor—many emperors really—are sold weekly in the sacred precincts of the Forbidden City. An advertisement in the newspapers attracts romantic foreigners when it offers "once in a history for you to obtain silks, brocades, embroideries, teas, etc., from China's former Imperial Household."

The articles on sale represent but a portion of the great chests full of tribute stored away by emperors during the centuries of mystery connected with the dwellers of the Forbidden City. Every Sunday from ten to four certain pavilions of the palace are turned into sale rooms where the articles are disposed of at moderate prices with full consent of the national government.

Probably Good Thing

A mother was discussing with her daughter the qualities of men. "Oh," said the daughter impatiently, "but they have no self-control!" "All the better," replied the mother. "If they had there would be a great many more spinsters."

Don't get too self-important. You may be as wise as an owl and just as stupid.

"I haven't been so happy for years"



"I've just thrown out all my dust cloths"

—because I've found how to do the work better, easier and quicker.

"I use Applendorf Wonder Paper now. You buy it in a neat package that tucks away handily in a table drawer. Twenty-five large sheets for a quarter. When you use it, you simply crumple a sheet into a soft wad and go over whatever needs attention."

"I've never seen anything like Wonder Paper. It really dusts, cleans and polishes at the same time. It takes up dirt like magic, and so easily. And you can use both sides."

"What I used to loathe about dusting was the bother of keeping the dusts clean. I always used odds and ends of old shirts and the like—and it seemed to me I was eternally washing them. It worried me just to throw them into a bag or cupboard. They seemed so unsanitary."

"The beauty of Wonder Paper is that you throw it away when you're through with it."

"I can promise that you'll like Wonder Paper. It gives you time for things very much more attractive than dusting."

Special Offer

WONDER PAPER is made by the makers of the famous P.A.R.A.-SANI Heavy Waxed Paper in the Green Box. Most grocery, hardware and department stores have Applendorf Wonder Paper in stock. If yours isn't, send us the coupon below and we'll give you a booklet entitled "Lettovers," containing one hundred recipes, as a bonus for your trouble.

Applendorf Paper Products, Ltd., Hamilton, Ontario.

Enclosed find 25c for which please send me one package of The Wonder Paper and your 100 recipes for "Lettovers."

Name

Address

My dealer is

..... 419

Study Terrestrial Magnetism

Well-Equipped Expedition To North Will Investigate Polar Disturbances

The observations being carried out by the "Million Dollar Expedition" which will be stationed at Chesterfield Inlet this winter will be of great importance to Hudson Bay shipping. It was learned from members of the party who arrived at Churchill. Those who will go north are Frank T. Davies, M.Sc., McGill University, in charge of the party; S. T. McVeigh, B.Sc., research assistant, chemical engineer, Queen's University, Kingston; Dr. B. W. Currie, University of Saskatchewan, physicist; John P. Rea, observer and cook.

Chesterfield Inlet is situated within the realm of the most violent magnetic disturbance, which often render ordinary compasses valueless at times, and which have proved one of the arguments against the success of Hudson Bay as a shipping route.

The party has the most elaborate equipment ever brought into the north for the study of terrestrial magnetism, earth currents, aurora and meteorological and upper air work.

It is expected that their studies will make a definite contribution to the relief of problems of navigators within the magnetic disturbance zone.

George Washington was at one time one of the outstanding tobacco planters in Virginia.

China has a national weather bureau just four years old.



"John, in my pocket-book—" "Are cigars, sir—" "How did you find them?" "Very good, sir."—Nebelspalter, Zurich.

CANADA OFFERS TO DIVERT TRADE TO MOTHERLAND

Ottawa, Ont.—United States may lose millions of dollars as a result of a reciprocal trade offer made by Canada to Great Britain at the Imperial Economic Conference. Canada offered a market for \$150,000,000 in British products in return for preferential treatment for wheat, lumber, butter, fish, dairy products, live cattle, meats, including hams; metals, vegetables and fruits.

Canada will admit free of duty, or over lowered tariff barriers hundreds of British goods, including iron and steel products, anthracite coal, brass products, automobiles, glass goods and possibly chemicals, boots and shoes and some lines of cotton goods.

If the two countries come to a definite agreement it will mean an influx into Canada of United States branch factories.

In iron and steel products alone, Canada imported \$31,005,300 from United States last year and \$13,383,600 from Great Britain. Canadian imports of anthracite coal from United States totalled \$14,654,600 and from Great Britain \$4,745,600. It is proposed by Canada that it throw open to Great Britain its market for iron and steel and anthracite coal, diverting as much trade as possible from United States and other non-empire countries.

The Canadian offer will be considered by the British delegation and a definite decision made within a few days.

Transients At Calgary

Unemployed From Coast Cause Serious Situation At Foothills City

Calgary, Alberta.—Several hundred unemployed transients from British Columbia are walking Calgary streets after journeying from the Pacific Coast province via the roads. From 120 to 200 men drop off nearly every train from British Columbia, resulting in a serious situation here.

A number of the transients maintain they were forced out of British Columbia by the closing down of relief camps. They declare those who are non-residents of British Columbia are told to leave the province.

Alberta Girls Drown

Mother Of One Makes Unsuccessful Attempt At Rescue

Ryley, Alberta.—Two girls were drowned while wading in a dam used by the Canadian National Railways at Holden. They were Gladys Kirkland, 14, and Betty Roberts, 15, both of Ryley, 38 miles east of Edmonton.

Miss Roberts drowned when she attempted to rescue Miss Kirkland. Mrs. Roberts, mother of Betty, attempted to save both but nearly lost her life. She was rescued by an employee at the dam and was revived by pulmoner.

Early Wheat Delivery

Medicine Hat, Alberta.—First delivery of wheat from the new crop was made August 3, when J. G. Dais, farmer three miles east of here, brought in a load to the milling company. The wheat graded No. 1 Northern and farmers in the district are optimistic regarding this year's crop.

"Free Fair" Was Success

Saskatoon, Sask.—Canada's first "free fair," held here has been a success, officials of Saskatoon's exhibition announced. Total attendance of 151,785 eclipsed 42,000 the previous high mark set in 1928. The financial loss, if any, will not exceed \$4,000, contrasted with a loss of \$20,000 for last year.

Split Of The West

Ottawa, Ont.—Imprisoned with the split of the west which, despite economic depression continued to look forward with optimism to the future, members of the British National Union, who have been touring Canada for the past five weeks, expressed themselves as full of hope for what was in store for this country.

Duchess Of York Thirty-Two London, England.—The Duchess of York very quietly celebrated her 32nd birthday in London, August 4. Originally the duke and duchess intended to spend the anniversary at Glamis Castle but the duchess' recent indisposition altered the arrangements.

W. N. U. 1934

Port Ready For Business

Deep Sea Pier At Churchill Is Practically Finished

Churchill, Man.—While the rattle of riveting, and the humming of construction machinery continues here, the end of the deep sea pier programme is in sight.

The grain galleries which will pour a flood of grain into the deep sea ships the main line are finished. Freight sheds are practically finished. There are two sidings ready for trains, which will haul incoming freight to the cities of the south. All that remains now is a bit of painting and cleaning up the construction debris.

From now until the middle of the month the workmen will move south, as their jobs are completed.

There will be no spending sprees in The Pas, Man., as in other years, when big gangs "went out" on mass. This year the men will dribble out in small numbers. They will not have big "stashes," as they had in the peak years. They are sober-minded this year.

The Department of Railways and Canals has a full summer's dredging programme to carry out in the harbor. The marine railway for winter ships has to be completed. There will be considerable activity during the shipping season, when incoming cargoes of mixed freight will have to be handled, to say nothing of further grain shipments, which may come from the prairies.

It is expected the season will come to a close here about October 15.

Armament Reduction

U.S. Administration Hopes International Conference Will Open The Way

Washington.—The United States administration hopes the forthcoming international economic conference, in addition to opening the way for an improvement of business conditions, will prove to be one of the steps leading to a reduction of world armaments.

This is one of the points being considered at the state department and the White House where thought is being given to the qualifications of a group of men from which will be chosen the three American members of the separate committees that will plan the conference and survey the economic and financial phases of the problem.

Floods Destroy Grain

Thousands Of Farmers In Central Manchuria Lose Everything

Harbin, Manchuria.—Twenty-one days of uninterrupted rains converted Central Manchuria into a vast lake and brought about a national disaster.

Tens of thousands of enormous stocks of grain and soy beans lost. Thousands of farmers and other residents have lost their homes and are docking to the cities from the inundation.

The material damage is estimated at several hundred million Mexican dollars.

Harbin is isolated from the rest of the world by rail and the three branches of the Chinese Eastern railway are paralyzed.

Celebrates Birthday

Ottawa, Ont.—The Imperial Conference paused for a few minutes to do honor to Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, leader of the British delegation, on his 65th birthday anniversary. The congratulations of the assembled delegates were voiced by Prime Minister R. B. Bennett, chairman of the conference, in a little speech. Mr. Baldwin replied with a few felicitous remarks. Mr. Baldwin was born on August 3, 1867—the year of Confederation.

Prize For Baldwin

London, England.—Sir Arthur Salter, at Liberal summer school, Oxford, said: "We have all been reading the speeches of Baldwin at Ottawa, and reflecting that if only Baldwin has the courage and persistence to translate into policy and practice the principle of his speeches he is certainly one of the great Liberal leaders of the day."

According To Religion

Ottawa, Ont.—Of the total population of 16,376,786 enumerated in last census of Canada, 4,098,546 were Roman Catholics. There were 2,016,897 persons belonging to the United Church; 1,635,321 Anglicans; 870,482 Presbyterians; 443,229 Baptists, and 394,052 Lutherans. The figures were released recently by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics.

Rich Silver Strike

Great Bear Lake District Attracting Many Prospectors

Calgary, Alberta.—Large silver deposits have been unearthed just south of Mile Lake, on the Bonanza property in the north where rich discoveries of minerals, including radium ore, is drawing thousands of prospectors.

Word of the discovery was made known recently by the Canadian Northern Mining Corporation, whose property adjoins that where the silver was located. Officers of the firm said the strike removed all doubt regarding the value of their own claims. They said it was the largest silver strike made in the area.

IRISH REPUBLIC SAID TO BE AIM OF DE VALERA

Dublin, Ireland.—Senator Joseph Connolly, minister of posts and telegraphs, told the senate that creation of an Irish Republic was a policy of President Eamon de Valera, and that Great Britain could not hope to get its war debts considered by the United States "so long as this question remains unsettled."

His declaration was in debate that preceded the senate's adoption of a resolution urging the government to reopen negotiations immediately with Britain with a view to settling the land annuities dispute which recently plunged the two countries into a tariff war.

(President de Valera told a mass meeting at Limerick last week he was not going to waste any more time in "fruitless discussions" to secure arbitration of the dispute, for which he said he saw little chance of solution.)

The resolution was introduced by J. C. Connelan, Father Leader, member of the opposition majority.

"Leave us within the British Commonwealth of Nations," Senator Connolly said. "It is Ireland's only hope of salvation."

The policy of the De Valera Government, replied Senator Connolly, is one of creating an Irish republic—including the six northern counties (Ulster), and that he declared, would remain the policy of President de Valera until it is achieved.

President de Valera previously served a warning in the daily press that unless orders for coal are transferred to the continent he might apply a prohibitive tariff on British coal.

The De Valera Government has sought unsuccessfully to stem the flow of British coal into the Free State, merchants disregarding the new duty of \$1 a ton and continuing to buy from the United Kingdom in large quantities. More than 50,000 tons of British coal have been imported since Sunday.

STUDIES SHEEP INDUSTRY



L. E. Kindt of the Agricultural Economics Branch, Canadian Department of Agriculture, who has left for Western Canada to resume the collection of information for the completion of the economic study of range sheep industry in Southern Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia.

Transients Coming West

Premier Bracken Of Manitoba Wires Protest To Ottawa

Winnipeg, Man.—Protests were wired by Premier John Bracken of Manitoba, to Hon. W. A. Gordon, Minister of Labor at Ottawa, against men from eastern Canada flocking into Manitoba on freight trains to seek harvest work. He stated police were preventing this travel eastward on freight trains, but allowing men to come west.

"Inquiries indicate there are plenty of men here to take off the harvest," said the premier's telegram, "and arrival of men from other parts of Canada will interfere with reduction of unemployment relief lists and aggravate situation here. We respectfully urge that police also stop this movement westward, otherwise our problem rendered much more difficult."

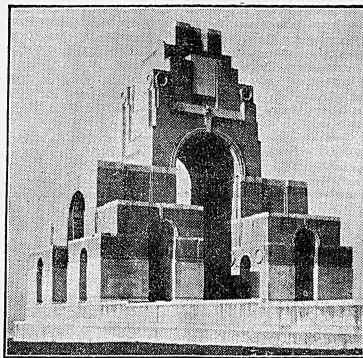
On Board Of Directors

Ottawa, Ontario.—The appointment of S. J. Hueston, acting president of the Canadian National Railways, to be a member of the Board of Directors of the Government-owned system was announced by Hon. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways and Canals. His appointment to the board is dated from August 1. He fills the vacancy caused by the resignation of Sir Henry Thornton.

Ships En Route To Churchill

Montreal, Que.—Two tramp steamers are en route to the port of Churchill on Hudson Bay to load grain for Europe. The "Pennyworth" sailed from Antwerp, while the "Sierens" left Oran, Algeria, for the Manitoba port on July 25. Grain rates for these steamers have not yet been announced. It is expected they will reach Churchill about August 15.

WORLD'S LARGEST TOM BSTONE AT THIEFVAL



A great pilgrimage of women who lost husbands, sons and sweethearts in the Great War gathered on August 1st at Thiefval and saw the Prince of Wales unveil the empire's gigantic memorial to 73,000 officers and men who have "no known graves."

The name of every man is carved on the walls of the memorial archway, a massive structure designed by Sir Edwin Lutyens. It completes the circle of commemorative buildings erected by the Imperial War Graves Commission in honor of 1,100,000 men who made the supreme sacrifice.

"Let us advance to new conquests—to the conquest of world peace and international amity," was the challenge delivered by the Prince of Wales at the unveiling.

"It is fitting," said the prince, "that this crowning stone in the work of

the Imperial war graves should be laid in France. It is fitting that the last of their memorials should bear tribute to the armies of France as well as our own."

Associated with the Prince of Wales in the unveiling ceremonies was President Alfred Latham of France, Premier Edouard Herriot and the British Ambassador, Lord Tyrrel. Canada was represented by Hon. Philippe Roy, Minister to France, and Lt.-Col. G. P. Vanier, of the High Commissioner's office at London, England.

On the way to Thiefval, President Lebrun stopped at Albert to open the new town hall, and he presented the town with the Legion of Honor in recognition of its war suffering. Every soldier remembers the great gift statue of the virgin which hung over the road from the ruined cathedral roof for many months of the war.

Preparing Roll Of Honor

Saskatchewan Pioneers Of Eighties Asked To Register For Record

Regina, Sask.—A roll of honor of the pioneers of Saskatchewan of the '80's has been arranged for and will be prepared by Mrs. J. E. Bothwell, provincial librarian and archivist.

A special book is being made by J. H. Lee-Grayson of the government service, and all pioneers of the '80's are asked to register at the provincial library as soon as it is convenient for them. While the record will take the form of a roll of honor, another book will also be kept to record details, such as dates, experiences, etc., which will be kept in the provincial archives.

End Of Conference

Planned To Finish Work Of Imperial Party On August 16

Ottawa, Ont.—It is planned to wind up the Imperial Economic Conference Tuesday, August 15, just short of a month from the opening. It looks like an all-round success. As a visiting London journalist puts it: "The conference, in spite of many traps, seems to be moving towards a successful issue."

The British delegation, headed by Rt. Hon. Stanley Baldwin, is booked to sail on the "Empress of Britain," August 20.

Historic Home Burned

Old Landmark In Winnipeg Completely Destroyed By Fire

Winnipeg, Man.—One of Winnipeg's historic old homes, a 24-room mansion standing in four acres of freed grounds, built in the earliest days of Winnipeg's youth by the late A. F. Eden, one-time land commissioner of the Manitoba and Northwestern Railway, has been destroyed by fire.

The palatial house on Osborne Street and Assiniboine Avenue, known as the old Banfield residence, has stood vacant for some time.

NO CHANGE IS TO BE MADE IN RUSSIAN POLICY

Ottawa, Ont.—Canada will not alter her policy towards Soviet Russia. In most emphatic terms, Prime Minister R. B. Bennett made this answer to the Workers' Economic Union delegation which demanded removal of the embargo against the Soviet Union.

The "dumping" of wheat, asbestos and lumber into the world's markets by Russia under Soviet labor with disastrous results to Canadian workers and farmers was instanced by the Prime Minister. "Do you believe the workers of this country should not have a fair chance in honest competition," he asked.

Reasoning with the deputation on many of the subjects on their programme, Premier Bennett stated that the Dominion Government was doing everything that this country could stand towards relief, primarily a matter for the provinces, and maintaining the country's national life. But, he emphasized, the laws of Canada must be observed.

"The laws of the country represent the will of the people through their elected representatives," the Prime Minister declared, "They protect you and they protect me. Law and order, as far as we can assure it, will be maintained. If you break it you will be punished as sure as the sun rises."

Tim Burk and the seven other Communists would remain in the penitentiary until they had served their terms. "These eight men," Mr. Bennett continued, "were found guilty on their own statements before the courts that they had received money from Russia, had acted under directions from Moscow. Our institutions will not be disturbed. There will be no protection to those who seek to destroy the state." Section 98 of the Criminal Code dealing with sedition and unlawful assembly would remain in force.

Mr. Bennett again stated there would be no non-contributory unemployment insurance under his administration.

The programme put forward as "demands" included non-contributory unemployment insurance, an embargo on any food and war material shipments to Japan, release of political prisoners in India and independence for India. George Winslade, Toronto, was the main spokesman for the delegation, which included J. B. MacLachlan, Cape Breton, and Mrs. T. Wilkinson, North York.

RIOTS CONTINUE OVER ELECTIONS IN GERMANY

Berlin, Germany.—The prospect of a serious break between Chancellor von Papen's Government and Adolf Hitler, National Socialist leader, over the recent bloody riots in Germany, was intimated in the Rightist Press.

This was coupled with evidence that Hitler was spreading his organization efforts into other European countries and planning a powerful Nordic European alliance.

The riot squad was called out three times as a result of political clashes in Munich and the suburb of Obermenzing. One National Socialist was wounded. Incendiary bombs were tossed into two department stores but they did not ignite. A restaurant and a nearby hotel for Socialist youths were set afire.

The ultra-Rightist Boersen-Zeitung said the government is considering a smashing emergency decree to end the rioting, in practically all of which Hitler's Nazis and his storm troops had a part.

Grain Show To Be Held

Definite Assurance Received and Work Is Going On

Regina, Sask.—The World's Grain Exhibition and Conference will be held at Regina next year.

Confirmation of the unofficial report published in The Leader-Post to this effect, came when officials of the organization met at the grain show building and awarded a contract for painting the building to A. W. Banks, of Regina.

In addition, R. Beesley, of the staff of the Canadian Exhibition Commissioner, St. Catharines, has arrived in the city and has already taken charge of the interior decorative work of the building. A large quantity of grains and grasses has arrived to be used in the interior decorative work.

Thirteen tenders were opened by the committee of the World's Grain Show in charge of the building and the contract was awarded to A. W. Banks, of this city. The work will include mureaux decorations for all walls of the building, ceilings, offices and so forth. The contract price was not announced at the close of the meeting.

Holds Four Championships Olympic Stadium, Los Angeles, Cal.

—The British Empire's small but select athletic bands have captured four of the eight Olympic track and field championships so far decided. On a point basis the commonwealth's competitors have an aggregate of 57—England, 20; Canada, 19; Britain, 13; New Zealand, three, and South Africa, two.

Advertising the Boycott

Dublin, Irish Free State.—Dublin awoke this morning to find that in the night some one had gone about the city painting anti-British slogans on the sidewalks of nearly every street. "No surrender," they read, and "Boycott British Goods." Efforts by the police to erase the inscriptions were futile.

Elected Honorary Benchers

London, Eng.—Rt. Hon. Stanley M. Bruce, leader of the Australian delegation at the Imperial Economic Conference, and Hon. Newton W. Rowell of Toronto, were elected honorary benchers of Lincoln's Inn. Lincoln's Inn is one of the four Inns of court to which all English barristers must belong.

No Capital Expenditure

London, Ont.—No capital expenditures of any sort are to be made by the Canadian National Railways until after the report of the royal commission on transportation is presented to the government, probably on August 16, Mayor Hayman declared he was informed by Hon. Dr. R. J. Manion, Minister of Railways.

Man Drops Dead

Regina, Sask.—Rising to cheer the winner in the second race at the exhibition meet Wednesday afternoon, August 3, M. Dropp, of Moose Jaw, a railway mail clerk, collapsed and was dead before medical assistance could be secured. He held tickets on the winning horse.

Embargo On Potatoes

Montreal, Que.—Canadian potatoes must not be imported into England, and the British embargo must be maintained according to members of the Empire Farmers party now on a tour of the Dominion.

A Challenge To Wheat

Remarkable Growth Of Industries In West Is Noted

Wheat may still be king in Western Canada, but its position is no longer unchallenged. With the development of the country other industries have been springing up and a return just issued by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics shows the extent to which the so-called Prairie Provinces—Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta—have become centres of manufacturing industry.

The gross annual value of manufactures in these provinces reaches a total of \$300,000,000. There are more than 2,500 manufacturing establishments, with a capital of over \$360,000,000, employing nearly 50,000 hands, and paying in salaries and wages \$60,000,000.

The ten leading industries in the order of their importance based upon the gross value of products are: flour and feed mills, slaughtering and meat packing, petroleum products, railway rolling stock, butter and cheese, central electric stations, printing and publishing, breweries, bread and other bakery products, printing and book-binding. These industries have an annual production of over \$200,000,000. The principal manufacturing city is Winnipeg, which has 619 establishments employing nearly 20,000 hands and producing a value of more than \$94,000,000. Other leading manufacturing centres in the order of their importance are: Calgary, Edmonton, Regina, St. Boniface, Saskatoon, Moose Jaw and Medicine Hat.

Appalling Ignorance

Some Prize American Tourist Stories For Hot Weather

Until recently the prize American tourist story was about a man who stopped at a gas station a few summers ago with skills on the side of his car in readiness for the snow he expected to find "this side of Montreal." Now an equally authentic one succeeds that. A sweet young thing from New York State went into a town bank to change some United States currency for Canadian. When the Dominion bills were handed to her she looked at them in evident confusion and confessed. "I don't think I'll know how to use your money. I've never had anything to do with these pounds and shillings before." The teller is alleged to have run for the ice water.

Co-Operation Is Necessary

Every Created Thing Is Dependent Upon Some Other

This world has no use for hermits. We are built on the social plan. The fellow who goes along without regard for his neighbors will not get far until he finds the brick wall. The man who shuts people out only succeeds in shutting himself in. This world is much like a mirror—your smile at it and it will smile back at you; scowl at it and it will scowl in return. Co-operation is nature's plan. There isn't a created thing that does not depend upon some other. "The locusts have no king, yet they forth all of them by bands." Don't be one of the "bum-bugs" that flock alone.

Possible Source Of Barley

British Breeding Westerns Have Experts Studying Interest Canada

Experts representing British breeding interests are at present studying western Canada as a possible source of barley of high matting quality, according to officials of the Saskatchewan Department of Agriculture. A number of experiments have been conducted by the University of Alberta with respect to the suitability of soils in northern Alberta and Saskatchewan for the growing of barley of the required nature. It is stated that certain soils found to be unsuited for wheat produce an excellent matting barley.

Nearly 25,000,000 acres in Algeria have been planted to crops this year.



"Your newspaper is upside down."
"Yes, I am left-handed."—Moustique, Charleroi.

W. N. U. 1954

Has Perfect Table Manners

Daschund Behaves As Properly As Well Trained Child

Any dog could be taught perfect table manners if people would only let him begin when he is a pup, according to Noodle, a 7-year-old daschund, whose home overlooks Washington Square, and who claims the championship for having sat at the table with more celebrities than any other dog in New York.

Noodle was six months old when Hendrik Willem Van Loon began looking him squarely in the face and asking: "Who wants beer?" That, to a long-eared, short-legged dog that was born in Berlin means that dinner is served and that it is time to go waddling to his chair.

Meanwhile Noodle—his real name is Alpen Murk von Alpenberge—had been taught to sit in one place for an hour at a time and to keep still, after the manner of well disciplined European children.

After he had learned to place two black paws on the table he was taken on an automobile tour from Amsterdam to the Riviera, and not until he came to New York did a head waiter ever refuse to let him into a dining-room.

It is because New York people are not sufficiently sophisticated to know an intelligent animal when they see it that dogs are excluded from the hotels here, according to Mr. Van Loon.

"If you take the trouble to compare a dog's logical reasoning with that of some of your acquaintances, you will have no difficulty in deciding that the animal has at least as much capacity as the human for arriving at certain definite conclusions," he said.

As proof of that argument, Mr. Van Loon recalled how quickly his dog caught onto the advantage of being able to stand and walk on his hind legs.

"It wasn't simply because he wanted to do what Augustino Malo was trying to teach him, but because he found that the higher he held his head the more he could see and to more exciting and amusing life became."

Shoddy Things Never Cheap

Money Paid For Poor Merchandise Is Practically Wasted

The editor of the Ladies' Home Journal professes his readers some good advice. He points out that in her eagerness to save woman is likely to waste her money on shoddy merchandise.

The wise housewife will heed this admonition. At present she is a little dazed at the dizzy toboggan of prices. She recalls that it was but the other day when everything seemed alarmingly expensive. Consequently she gets a little drunk at the bargains she now sees displayed.

What we sometimes forget, however, is that shoddy things are never cheap. They are dear at rock-bottom prices. Ready-made garments poorly put together, badly cut, ill-fitting, are never bargains. Colors that run, sleazy materials, synthetic satins, cheap buttons, thin thread, faulty stitching—all these are expensive in the long run.

It is never economy to buy suits that will not hold their shape, stockings that will not last a day, furniture that will not stand wear and foodstuffs that are improperly prepared and packed. It is far better for a woman to buy one good dress a season than to get three shoddy ones. And it would be ungrateful of us to forsake the manufacturers who, through a period of years, have furnished us with durable goods and proved their reputation for honesty to give patronage to the junkshop dealers who will disappear with the depression.

While the housewife must make her dimes go as far as possible these days, she can do a great deal to stabilize business by refusing to exchange her money for poor merchandise.

We may become a poor nation, but let us not be a shoddy one.

Remember Abel's Brother

The Grand Duke Alexander at a reception in Washington was recounting some of the more horrible of the Bolshevik murders when a prim-looking man in spectacles said in a reproachful voice:

"The Bolsheviks are our brothers." "Yes," said the Grand Duke, "the Bolsheviks are our brothers, sure enough, but, remember that Abel had a brother."

"Don't you ever change your mind about anything?" "Not often, now. I've found that I am just as liable to be wrong the second time as the first."

Canadian Pacific Olympic Wrestlers



The Canadian Pacific Railway steps into the sport limelight by providing four wrestlers for the Olympic Games at Los Angeles. These athletes are directly or indirectly connected with the railway, and will battle for world honors in their particular line of sport. Above illustration shows the men with their coach. Left to right they are: Howie Thomas, former apprentice, Angus Shops, for five years Provincial and Dominion Champion and British Empire Champion in 1930, 145 lb. class; Harry Madison, Canadian Pacific Express man, winner Provincial and Dominion championships two years running, 191 lb. class; and Frank Saxon, team coach; J. Stockton, Provincial and Dominion champion and three times competitor at the Olympic Games, 174 lb. class; and Hervy Rowland, son of Alf. Rowland, Angus Shops electrician, Dominion champion one year and Provincial champion five years, 134 lb. class.

States Lead In 'Phone Calls

Apparently Had More To Say Than Other Nations

Statistics by the Bell Telephone Company showed that United States "had the most to say" regarding telephone calls. They talked eight and one-half times as much as Japan, and Japan talked about one and one-half times as much as Canada.

The United States led with a total of 11,152,076 phones, followed by Germany with 1,987,418 and Great Britain with 1,432,000. Canada has 1,402,861 and Japan 548,762, which is 1.4 per cent population.

Canada leads the world in number of telephones in cities of 50,000 people or over. In the larger centres she has 237 telephones per 100 people. Toronto can boast a higher percentage of telephones than any city in the world.

The largest toll paid for a single call out of Toronto, according to A. E. Gould, district manager of the company, was \$400. It was paid on a transaction involving \$1,000,000. The party putting in the call was quite pleased to pay it.

Youngest Grandmother

Manitoba Woman Became Grandmother At Age Of 39 Years

Mrs. Herbert Lauzon, of Cornwall, Ont., is not the youngest grandmother in Canada, as reported by the Canadian Press, July 22. That distinction belongs to John Ferres, of Deerborn, who became a grandmother at the age of 30 years and three months, compared with Mrs. Lauzon's record of 39 years and 2 months.

Mrs. Ferres was married at Whya-world Beach, in 1906, at the age of 14. Her oldest daughter, Rosa, married Alfred Lavallee, also at the age of 14, and the first grandchild, Louis Alfred was born April 5, 1922, when his grandmother was just 30 years and 3 months old, for she was born December 30, 1891.

This sprightly grandmother, who is now 41 years of age, is the mother of 11 children, the youngest of which is just five months old.

Floating Post Office

A floating post office has been launched at Detroit by Frank Becker. It is an all-steel boat with overlapping wadded hull. Becker was recently awarded a contract for a suitable vessel for delivery and collection of mail to and from Detroit River traffic in transit. The new vessel is 64 feet 9 inches long over all, and is propelled by a 150-horsepower marine Diesel engine.

Wholesale commodity prices in Egypt are rising.

Daily Shower For Trains

London Claims To Have Most Modern Apparatus In World

English homes may lag behind Americans in bathroom equipment, but when it comes to baths for railway trains London claims to have apparatus which is "the most modern in the world." It is installed in a great green glass house at Northfields, where every morning before work the trains receive their daily dip.

At each side of the railroad track are four tall posts "from which numerous 'fannels' hang down like bananas." The posts also have nozzles. As the train passes by at a slow five or six miles an hour, water sprays from the nozzles and "the 'fannels' fly round like flails, shooting more water in floods." The train passes on, clean and dripping from roof to axle. After the "wet shampoo," vacuum cleaners are turned on to finish the cleaning process.

Bathroom facilities for washing subway trains would be welcomed by New Yorkers who sometimes find that a train, caught in open air during a real shower, drips lively water from every ventilator.

On a hot summer day English trains must be cool as well as clean after the morning shower. In America trains are often "hosed off" from the roof to cool them before a run. The use of modern refrigeration in trains or equipment for shooting them full of cooled air before they start out is still limited.

Steed Was Frightened

Hair Of Horse Turns White When Aeroplane Lands

When an aeroplane landed in a field near Wrexham, England, it frightened a racehorse, owned by the daughter of Sir Alfred McAlpine, so badly that its black mane turned completely white and there are streaks of gray in its tail. As the machine approached the ground the animal suddenly jumped up in fright from behind a tree and galloped in front of the plane until it landed. Four days later the mane started to lose color.

Still Likes Agriculture

The Hon. Duncan Marshall, one-time minister of agriculture for Alberta, has not forgotten his old love. We hear that his office (he is now a member of a prominent Toronto business firm), is lined with framed photographs of prize cattle and horses, and his office library a fund of information about agriculture.

A new machine in England tells one's weight and presents a bar of chocolate for a penny.

Look Like Admirals

Gaudy Uniforms Of Belgian Hotel Porters Causing Trouble

Though Belgium has no navy to speak of the question of naval uniforms is a cause of controversy. Complaints are heard that the regulations are not explicit enough, with the consequence that a harbor-master can sport so much gold lace that everyone takes him for an admiral.

A commission is studying the matter; its chief task is to evolve a statute yet dignified uniform, with a minimum of lace. At the same time the commission is considering how to put an end to the fancy of hotel porters in the matter of costumes. Like harbor-masters they love gold lace and may be mistaken for admirals.

It is proposed that a law should be passed to prevent civilians from wearing any uniform resembling those of the armed services.

Work With Their Brains

Men Who Make History Are Not Great Talkers

If some people were as anxious to push their business as they are to wag their tongues they would be better able to pay their debts. The men who are everlasting on their feet airing their views are not usually the ones who know what they are talking about. History is made by men who work not with their mouths, but their brains. The man who keeps his mouth shut may be at a disadvantage now and then, but he gets there. "The lizard talketh hold with his hand, yet she is in king's palaces." For the man who knows how to keep a closed jaw and an active brain there is always a future.



SMART SEMI-TAILED MODEL SUITABLE FOR MOTHER OR DAUGHTER

It is modish and chic for the normally built woman and has a slenderizing effect for the heavier type. Notice the inset vest extends in pointed effect below the waistline instead of stopping at the waist as such affairs generally do. The softly falling jabot revers cut breadth in a charming way. You'll like the smart skirt lines.

You can use tub silks, linen, plique, shantung, voiles prints and batiste prints, etc., for this smart model. The original was blue and white voile print, so enticingly cool and practical. The trim was plain white. Style No. 562 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3 1/2 yards 39-inch with 1/2 yard 35-inch contrast.

Price of pattern 25 cents in stamps or coin (coin preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 176 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

.....

Town

England Helped By Conscience Gifts

Treasury Profits From \$30,000 To \$50,000 Every Year

It is a source of "real money" gratification to the British Chancellor of the Exchequer these days that the old England conscience, whatever may have happened to the New England brand in the United States, is still working.

Disturbed consciences are worth between \$30,000 and \$50,000 annually to the British treasury. Not long ago a windfall of \$25,000 was received from a citizen whose conscience presumably had given him a great deal of concern. In the last few days such anonymous gifts included four medals. When the treasury accumulates enough trinkets and ornaments to make it worth while a conscience auction is held.

Evasion of income tax is believed to be responsible for most such efforts to make belated redress to the state. The inland revenue officials are willing to concede, however, that many of these contributions come from individuals who made genuine mistakes in their original returns.

The Attorney-General recently stated in the House of Commons that where a man voluntarily discloses that he owes money and pays it, no proceedings will be taken against him in the courts. In such cases the inland revenue authorities work out the sums considered to be owed by the man whose conscience has pricked him and a compromise is reached.

C.N.R. Steamer Sold

"Canadian Commander" Has Been Purchased By Italian Syndicate

The steamship "Canadian Commander," now lying in Halifax Harbor, has been sold to an Italian syndicate, Andrew Allan, general manager of Canadian National Steamships, announced. This is the first Canadian National steamship to be sold in accordance with the decision of the directors to reduce the fleet. The sale price was stated to be approximately \$22,000. The Italian syndicate is headed by Signor Mazello, who has been in Canada for some time negotiating the purchase.

The "Commander" was built by Canadian Vickers, Limited, of Montreal, in 1920. She was launched in 1920 and is a vessel of 8,100 tons dead weight. Expectation is that the "Commander" will be used in Mediterranean trade. According to the sale conditions, her name must be changed, as well as her flag and registry, and she must not be used in competition with remaining Canadian National steamships.

Seven of the steamships are for sale. Negotiations with Greek interests have been under way for some time in connection with the sale of one or more of the boats, but no agreement has been reached.

Comes Up Smiling

Jack Canuck, Western brand, is one of the pluckiest and most cheerful fellows on earth. He never loses heart. Rain, sleet, hail, drought, billions of grasshoppers, boll weevil, rust and plagues worse than beset the Egyptians may banish all hope of profit, but he still goes on smiling and hopes for better times next year or the year after that.

Church Slips

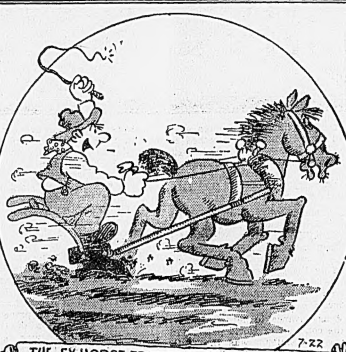
Western Exchange—After the collection and been taken the choir sang, "It Is Enough." Canadian church bulletin—7:30 p.m., subject, "Is Liquor Desirable?" Anthem, "O, Taste and See." Order of services in a Brooklyn church—Sermon, "Thou Shalt Not Steal." Offertory, "Steal Away" (Negro Spiritual).

"Solid" wood is 20 to 40 per cent. gas.



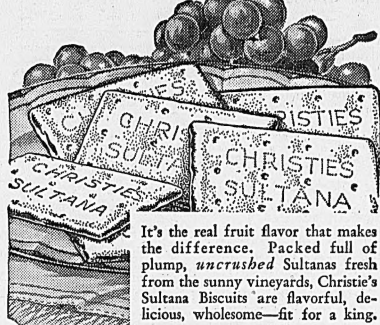
Futurist Exhibition: "Coming to the Exhibition?" "No. I saw it in 1910." "But the pictures are not the same." "No, but the pictures are."—Guriz Meschino, Milan.

FANCIFUL FABLES



THE EX-HORSE TROTTER TAKES UP FARMING.

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It's the real fruit flavor that makes the difference. Packed full of plump, uncrushed Sultanas fresh from the sunny vineyards, Christie's Sultanas Biscuits are flavorful, delicious, wholesome—fit for a king.

Christie's Sultanas

THE HOUSE OF DREAMS-COME-TRUE

— BY —

MARGARET FEDLER
Author of
"The Splendid Pally," "The Hermit
Of Far End,"
Hodder & Stoughton, Ltd., London.

No one, watching Jean as she accompanied Burke to the kitchen premises and assisted him in the preparation of their supper, would have imagined that she was acting her part in any other capacity than that of willing playmate. She was wise enough not to exhibit any desire to leave him alone during the process of carrying the requisites for the meal from the kitchen into the living-room. She had noticed the sudden mistrust in his watchful eyes and the way in which he had instantly followed her when, at the commencement of the proceedings, she had unthinkingly started off down the passage from the kitchen, carrying a small tray of table silver in her hand, and thereafter she refrained from giving him the slightest ground for suspicion. Together they cooked the chops, together laid the table, and finally sat down to share the appetizing results of their united efforts.

Throughout the little meal Jean preserved an attitude of detached friendliness, laughing at any small joke that cropped up in the course of conversation and responding gaily enough to Burke's efforts to entertain her. Now and again, as though unconsciously, she would fall into a brief reverie, apparently preoccupied with the choice that lay before her, and at these moments Burke would refrain from distracting her attention, but would watch intently, with those burning eyes of his, the charming face and sensitive mouth touched to a sudden new seriousness that appealed.

By the time the meal had drawn to an end, his earlier suspicions had been lulled into tranquillity and over the making of the coffee he became once more the big, overgrown schoolboy and jolly comrade of his less tempestuous moments. It almost seemed as though, to please her, to atone in a measure for the momentary lack he had thrust on her, he was endeavoring to keep the vehement lover in the background and show her only that side of himself which would serve to reassure her.

"I rather fancy myself at coffee-making," he told her, as he dexterously manipulated the little coffee machine. "There!"—pouring out two brimming cups—"taste that, and then tell me if it isn't the best cup of coffee you ever met."

Jean sipped it obediently, then made a very face.

"Ought!" she ejaculated in disgust. "You've forgotten the sugar!"

As she had herself slipped the sugar-basin out of sight when he was collecting the necessary coffee paraphernalia on a tray, the oversight was not surprising.

It was a simple little ruse, its very

simplicity its passport to success. The naturalness of it—Jean's small, snowed-up face of disgust and the hasty way in which she set her cup down after tasting its contents—might have thrown the most suspicious of mortals momentarily off his guard.

"By Jove, so I have!" Instinctively Burke sprang up to rectify the omission. "I never take it myself, so I forgot all about it. I'll get you some in a second."

He was gone, and before he was half-way down the passage leading to the kitchen, Jean, moving silently and swiftly as a shadow, was at the doors of the long French window, her fingers fumbling for the catch.

A draught of cold, mist-laden air rushed into the room, while a slender form stood poised for a brief instant on the threshold, silhouetted against the white curtain of fog. Then followed a hurried rush of flying footsteps, a flitting shadow cleaving the thick pall of vapour, and a moment later the wreaths of pearly mist came flitting unhindered into an empty room.

Blindly Jean plunged through the dense mist that hung outside, her feet sinking into the sodden earth as she fled across the wet grass. She had no idea where the gate might be, but sped desperately onwards till she rushed full tilt into the bank of mud and stones which fenced the bungalow against the moor. The sudden impact nearly knocked all the breath out of her body, but she dared not pause. She trusted that his search for the hidden sugar-basin might delay Burke long enough to give her a few minutes' start, but she knew very well that he might chance upon it at any moment, and then, discovering her flight, come in pursuit.

Clawing wildly at the bank with hands and feet, slipping, sliding, bruised by sharp-angled stones and pricked by some unseen bushy growth of gorse, she scrambled over the bank and came sliding down upon her hands and knees into the hedge-dug trough upon its further side. And even as she picked herself up, shaken and gasping for breath, she heard a cry from the bungalow, and then the sound of running steps and Burke's voice calling her by name.

"Jean! Jean! you little fool! . . . Come back! Come back!" She heard him pause to listen for her whereabouts. Then he shouted again. "Come back! You'll kill yourself! Jean! Jean! . . ."

But she made no answer. Distraught by fear lest he should overtake her, she raced recklessly ahead into the fog, heedless of the fact that she could not see a yard in front of her—even glad of it, knowing that the mist hung like a shielding curtain between her and her pursuer.

The strange silence of the mist-laden atmosphere hemmed her round like the silence of a tomb, broken only by the sucking sound of the oozy turf as it pulsed at her feet, clogging her steps. Lance-sharp spikes of gorse stabbed at her ankles as she trod it underfoot, and the permeating moisture in the air soaked swiftly through her thin summer frock till it clung about her like a winding-sheet.

Her breath was coming in sobbing gasps of stress and terror; her heart pounded in her breast; her limbs, impeded by her clinging skirts, felt as though they were weighted down with lead.

Then, all at once, seeming close at hand in the misleading fog which plays odd tricks with sound as well as sight, she heard Burke's voice, cursing as he ran.

With the instinct of a hunted thing she swerved sharply, stumbled, and lurched forward in a vain effort to

regain her balance. Then it seemed as though the ground were suddenly cut from under her feet, and she fell . . . down, down through the mist, with a scattering of crumbling earth and rubble, and lay, at last, a crumpled, unconscious heap in the deep-cut track that linked the moor road to the bungalow.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

They Who Waited

Lady Anne sat gazing absently into the heart of the fire, watching the restless leap of the flames and the little scattered handfuls of sparks, like golden stars dust, tossed upward into the dark hollow of the chimney by the blazing logs. The "warm and sunny south"—at least, that part of it within a twelve-mile radius of Dartmoor—was quite capable, on occasion, of belaying its guide-book designation, particularly towards the latter end of summer, and there was a raw dampness in the atmosphere this evening which made welcome company of a fire.

It seemed a little lonely without Jean's cheery presence, and Lady Anne, conscious of a craving for human companionship, gazed impatiently at the clock. Blaise should surely have returned by now from his all-day conference with the estate agent.

She had not much longer to wait. The quick hoof-beats of a trotting horse sounded on the drive outside, and a few minutes later the door of the room was thrown open and Blaise himself strode in.

"Well, madonna?" He stooped and kissed her. "Been a lonely lady today without all your children?"

She smiled up at him.

"Just a little," she acknowledged. "When I came back from those stupid committees, which are merely an occasion for half the old tabbies in the village to indulge in a squabble with the other half, I couldn't help feeling it would have been nice to find Jean here to laugh over them with me. Jean's sense of humour is refreshing; it never lets one down. However, I suppose she's enjoying her beloved Moor by moonlight, so I mustn't grumble."

Blaise shook his head.

"Much moonlight they'll see!" he observed. "I rode through a thick mist coming back from Hedge Barton. It'll be a blanket fog on Dartmoor tonight."

"Oh, poor Jean! She'll be so disappointed."

Tormarin sat down on the opposite side of the hearth and lit a cigarette. The dancing firelight flickered across his face. He was thinner of late, his mother thought with a quick pang. The lines of the well-beloved face had deepened; it had a worn—almost ascetic—look, like that of a man who is constantly contending against something.

Lady Anne looked across at him almost beseechingly.

"Son," she said, "have you quite made up your mind to let happiness pass you by?"

He started, roused out of the reverie into which he had fallen.

"I don't think I've got any say in the matter," he replied quietly. "I've forfeited my rights in that respect. You know that."

"And Jean? Are you going to make her forfeit her rights, too?"

"She'll find happiness—somehow—elsewhere. It would be a very short-lived affair with me"—bitterly. "After what has happened, it's evident I'm not to be trusted with a woman's happiness."

There were sounds of arrival in the hall. Nick's voice could be heard issuing instructions about the bestowal of his fishing tackle. Lady Anne spoke quickly.

"I don't think so, Blaise. Not with the happiness of the woman you love." She laid her hand on his shoulder as she passed him on her way into the hall to welcome the wanderer returned. "Tell Jean," she advised, "and see what she says. I think you'll find she'd be willing to risk it."

When she had left the room Blaise almost started impulsively into the fire. His expression gave no indication as to whether or not Lady Anne's advice had stirred him to any fresh impulse of decision, and when, presently, his mother and Nick entered the room together, he addressed the

Ty Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



Had bad dizzy spells
Afraid to leave house . . . feared awful dizziness would make her feel over. She needs Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound in tablet form.



A Better Smoke In Any Pipe...

OGDEN'S CUT PLUG

If you "roll your own", use Ogden's fine cut cigarette tobacco

Ottawa's Official Hostess

Lady Perley Who Is Wife Of Senior Cabinet Minister

The marriage of the Prime Minister's sister to Hon. W. D. Herridge, Canadian minister to Washington, has changed the social order of precedence in the capital.

At the Imperial Conference of 1930, the then Miss Bennett took precedence with her brother, and she remained Miss Bennett would have been his official hostess for all the social affairs of the conference. Being married, however, she now ranks as the wife of a minister.

Lady Perley, therefore, becomes ranking hostess for the conference. Sir George Perley being the senior member of the Cabinet next to the Prime Minister. He was sworn in as a privy councillor October 10, 1911.

As Hon. Hugh Guthrie became a privy councillor on July 15, 1919, Mrs. Guthrie stands next to Lady Perley. Hon. E. N. Rhodes was sworn in on February 22, 1921, so Mrs. Rhodes comes next. Hon. R. J. Manion preceded Hon. H. H. Stevens on September 22, 1921, by one day, so that Mrs. Manion has priority over Mrs. Stevens. Curiously enough, all these members of Mr. Bennett's Cabinet are his senior as privy councillors, as he did not become a privy councillor until October 4, 1921.

Since Miss Bennett's marriage Lady Perley has entertained official guests, and in her absence Mrs. Hugh Guthrie.

Jungle Pets In London

Not All Of Them Behind Bars In Regent's Park

There is many a jungle animal in London. Most of them are safely housed behind bars in Regent's Park. But not all. Here and there among the sedate Victorian mansions of Knightsbridge and Mayfair are others, kept in private households as domestic pets, creatures ranging from Siamese cats to Malayan sun bears, from kinkajous to snakes. One man keeps a snake, called Jacobson, a North American king snake, which curls up in armchairs and startles the visitor by peeping from behind the soft velvet cushion, with flat head and darting black tongue. Almost any fine day last summer there appeared in one of the quiet West End squares a woman with a Malayan sun bear—a short-haired creature, half-bear, half-monkey. It was about the size of a cat, had no difficulty in tree-climbing which it was allowed to do on a leather lead. Its owner said that she got endless fun out of it. Another woman is to be seen in Kensington Gardens leading a sooty angouye—one of the small African monkeys—on a chain. It seems a nervous creature, and on seeing a dog jumps into its mistress's arms for protection. Yet apparently it is an engaging companion. At its home it has been taught to sit at table to take its meals and behave with the most approved Mayfair manners!

Douglas' Egyptian Liniment is remarkable in its quick, effective action. Relieves instantly burns, sprains, toothache and neuralgia. Invaluable for sore throat, croup and quinsy.

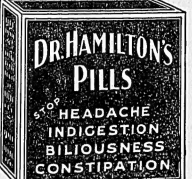
European women in Egypt are becoming expert camel drivers.

Artificial ice is not new. It was industrially used as far back as 1880.

All Her Children Were Troubled With Diarrhoea



Mr. J. V. Dickert, R.R. 1, Enderby, B.C., writes:—"Last Summer all my children were troubled with diarrhoea, and were so bad I did not know what to do. A friend told me to give them Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so I got a bottle, and after a couple of doses you should have seen the change. The children were soon well again, and I am very thankful to your wonderful remedy. I find it the only one that relieves so easily and quickly."



W. N. U. 1964

NO GUNS

After almost six months' deliberations one wonders just what has been accomplished at the Disarmament Conference. But its real value cannot be measured by resolutions. The very fact that the nations sent representatives to such a gathering is a long way toward the desired end. An old principal, defending residence for students, used to say that boys who caught flies at the same school desk would not quarrel when they were out taking their share of the world's work. So nations who keep gathering around conference tables cannot maintain the barbarous custom of war.

And we are informed by those who ought to know, that economic conditions have been the real cause of many wars. Now an economic conference has followed the wake of the other. Just what it can achieve in developing markets and increasing prices is very hard to determine, and although this is the main reason for its existence, yet deeper principles lie underneath. If the British Empire stands for the ideal which should be the practice of the world, then she is leading in the progression of home, town, nation, empire, world, for the end of civilization is "home relations between all peoples." If this is the path then the British Commonwealth of Nations may indeed be the stepping stone for that commonwealth of all nations. But, unfortunately, there is another side. If the Empire stands to use her vastness to exploit others, if the Economic Conference leads to trade within the Empire to the exclusion of trade with all others, then any increases in prices will be a paltry gain. On the other hand, it seems to be the most logical method that proper trade relations within the Empire should lead to proper trade relations in all markets. And this must be based on the principle that what is best for one is best for all. No persons or nations can make real gains at the expense of others. Let us not forget that selfish trade treaties created by the German empire. And following the same tactics the British Empire can only go where her predecessors have gone, viz: to destruction.

But something has already been gained. According to the arranged program the opening of the conference by the Governor-General was to be signalled by a salute of guns. Why the change was made is not yet known. But the cannon replaced the cannon. Surely it is significant that the ringing of bells should replace the booming of guns at such a time. And just recently an international park has been opened at Buissonville, Man., another canon which stands on the boundary line, bears this message: "To God in His glory we two nations dedicate this garden and pledge that as long as man shall live we will not take up arms against each other."

Let no one be deceived for it may be the last war has been fought. But marks of progress are evident. —"Unus Solus," Bow Valley Resource.

Faulkner's Grove Scene of Many Reminiscences Amongst Old-Timers

Mr. and Mrs. Berry, of Chinook, Oldest Couple on the Grounds

The old-timers' reunion held at Faulkner's grove on August 3 drew a large crowd from far and near. Among those coming from a distance were A. Hunter, J. H. Hunter and wife, J. F. Parsons, Drumheller; from Hanna; Mr. and Mrs. C. Neff and daughter, Dorothy; Mr. and Mrs. S. H. Smith and son Dale; from Strome: Mr. and Mrs. Fred Hassett; Mr. and Mrs. J. Hannaford and family from Howie; Mr. and Mrs. Fred Nelson and family, and Mr. and Bjork with Eileen and Norwood, from Atlee. A register was passed around and 145 old-timers signed. It was estimated that about 800 people were present. The day was spent visiting, ball games, and in children's sports.

Coffee was provided by the committee and a collection taken to defray expenses.

In the evening dancing was enjoyed in on the outdoor dance floor to music supplied by A. V. Youell's orchestra.

The oldest couple on the grounds was Mr. and Mrs. Berry, of Chinook; the oldest lady, Mrs. Stewart, mother of Richard, David J., and Norman D. Stewart; the eldest gentleman, L. Letterington.

The girls' softball game between Laughlin and Keystone ended in a tie, 9-9. The men's softball games resulted as follows: Keystone defeated Laughlin, Keystone defeated Square Deal, Chinook defeated Laughlin, Keystone defeated Chinook, Canby won two games, playing in the finals, Keystone winning by a score of 16-8.

In the boys' race, 70 years and over, J. W. Davis was the winner. Unfortunately Mr. Lengsfelt, Mr. Catterington, another youthful competitor, was a close second, but the judges awarded them all an ice cream cone which the 'boys' appreciated.

The total receipts of the day were \$50.90. The following bills were paid: dance music \$12, posters and invitations \$1, postage on posters \$30, dance ribbon and pins 40c, hire of lumber for dance floor \$5, return of lumber to Chinook \$10, coffee and sugar \$5.35, nails \$1.80, total \$36.05, leaving a balance on hand of \$14.85. All labor was donated by the various committees.

Letters of greetings were received from: Andrew Aitken, Vancouver; Mr. and Mrs. Hess, California; Charles Ferguson, California; Mr. and Mrs. Morrison, Sunny Brook; Mr. and Mrs. Dunster, Athabasca; Mr. and Mrs. Sahlin, Clive; Mr. and Mrs. Robinson, Couder; G. Robertson, Camrose.

The following are the old timers who signed the register:

S. A. Wilton, D. Cameron, John Forest, O. Hendrickson, J. Build, G. Erickson, G. Thompson, W. Molder, H. M. Brunelle, D. J. Stewart, James Rasmussen, N. Nicholson, Herman Johnson, Chris Davis, G. Brey, Edwin B. Allen, O. D. Harrington, M. Patz, Wm. Milligan, A. Carlson, J. C. Turple, W. H. Davis, L. Catterington, J. Duncan, J. McLann, A. Clachline, F. Goetz, Roy Gordanier, A. Ostberg, A. Philza, D. Allison, A. F. Connor, J. R. Gray, J. Haggerty, R. Beamish, G. E. Aitkens, C. W. Rideout, J. Young, J. Ferguson, J. Parsons, F. Hobson, H. J. Robinson, S. W. Warren, G. Ray Robinson, John McPherson, J. Polkens, G. Cleaves, Fred Nelson, S. H. Smith, W. S. Lee, J. McNab, N. Schmidt, J. Courts, A. Hettler, G. M. Aitken, M. F. Suiter, H. L. Dale, C. M. Melke, B. Currie, H. Forbes, J. G. Jes, Mrs. S. H. Smith, Dorothy Neff, P. G.

Hettler, P. Seeger, J. W. Shier, T. S. Massey, J. Bellman, W. H. Meade, D. McLellan, John Walters, J. H. Hunter, E. Roy, W. Wilson, L. S. Dawson, O. Harrington, M. L. Chapman, W. A. Todd and wife, T. G. Watson, H. W. Butts, A. Hunter, H. J. Westphall, A. L. Robinson, Mrs. J. Haggerty, Mrs. J. Ferguson, Mrs. G. Trogan, Mrs. S. E. Berry, Mrs. E. B. Allen, E. L. Robinson, N. Courts, E. Britton, R. Thompson, R. and A. Philza, D. McKinnon, J. M. Turnbull, Roderick McKinnon, A. Broston, Irah Barton, Thos. Gilbertson, A. Jornsud, J. B. Naylor, Mrs. M. C. Nicholson, V. Bassett, F. B. Hassett, P. Taylor, Herbert Ruddy, C. Petersen, R. Hettler, A. N. Boyd, Wm. Young, J. D. McLaughlin, Mrs. G. White, K. Goodwin, J. Payce, S. Brown, J. D. McKinnon, C. Maurier, C. N. F. W. S. Falconer, H. R. King, H. G. Lengsfelt, A. Spreeman, A. McLennan, Lorne Proudfoot, G. McIntosh, E. C. Robertson, E. Bullie, N. D. Stewart, N. D. McKinnon, G. H. H. Adam, M. J. C. Bayley, A. C. Audin, J. R. Hannaford, R. Peyton, E. Jacobson, G. Savage, W. McNab, M. L. Chapman, G. Trogan, W. E. Anderson.

The day was thoroughly enjoyed by all present and many were the interesting stories heard told of the pioneer hardships and struggles.

The committees deserve great credit for the efficient way in which everything was handled.

To our many friends and neighbors:

Our secretary and members of our committees and all those who helped out in putting over our old-timers' picnic of August 3rd. I want to thank each and every one of you for the generous and unstinted way in which you gave of your time and labor to make it a success which I am sure it was. I feel that, by your efforts, you made it a day long to be remembered by all that were fortunate enough to be there. To those who were unable to be with us that day we wish to say that we missed you and sincerely hope that at some time, not too far distant, we can all meet again and enjoy a day together.

I want to extend to you once again my appreciation and thanks for your whole-hearted co-operation.

Yours for a bigger and, if possible, better picnic next year and in each year to come.

Jas. L. Ferguson, President.

Big Stone

Messrs. King, Stuart, Vanguard, Patmore and Sig Haug have all been busy haying recently, believing in the old adage, "make hay while the sun shines."

The roads in township 25, range 8 have been filled in, graded and levelled under the supervision of Foreman Carlson ably assisted by the ratepayers of the district.

Crops in this district are fairly good particularly those sown early, getting the benefit of the copious May and June rains. Later sown grain has not done so well owing to lack of rain in July, many farmers are cutting this for green feed.

Alex. Williamson is enjoying a motor trip with relatives in the Peace River country.

Owing to many fields of short grain boxes are being rigged up on binders. A number will use headers.

A large number from here attended the old-timers' picnic at Faulkner's grove among whom we noticed Mr. and Mrs. Paul Seeger and family, Mr. and Mrs. H. King, C. J. Haug, Joe, wife and baby, Bill Potter and Tom Watson.

Avis Leftwich has been spending the past week with her little friends, Hazel and Ruth Harrington.

Kathleen and Mary Moore visited Mrs. Charles Cochrane, nee Alta Gillette, and her mother last Saturday afternoon.

C. Neff, of Hanna, spent last Friday evening and Saturday morning calling on Chinook friends.

Heathdale

Mrs. Chas. Cochrane left Saturday for her home at Innisfail after spending the past seven months with her parents Mrs. Cochrane is much improved in health. Baby Bill will stay with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Gillette, for the present.

Harvesting started last Saturday when W. Anderson headed wheat for J. Haggerty, cutting will start in general next week. Most farmers have finished haying.

Coliholme

Gordon Wilson is spending a few days at the home of E. B. Allen.

Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Brodine and family spent Sunday afternoon at the home of N. D. Stewart.

Almyer Thompson visited for a few days with Jim Wilson.

Mr. and Mrs. N. D. McKinnon and family, Mr. and Mrs. John Courts and family and E. Robertson were Sunday dinner guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Davis.

Miss Freda Harmon is visiting for a short time at the home of J. M. Davis.

Miss Jessie MacKinnon is spending a few days with Mrs. W. E. Anderson.

The Nazarine Sunday school picnic was held Tuesday at Faulkner's grove.

Lewis Thompson Wedding Dance Huge Success

Nearly 500 guests accepted the invitation to the widely advertised "honeymoon dance" given by Mr. L. Thomas and his young bride after their honeymoon trip in Western Canada; held in the large ball room of the Chinook hotel, which was beautifully decorated for the occasion and a special long line of electric lights was swung across Main street to announce their celebration, which went off with a bang at 10 p.m. last Friday evening in charge of the Golden Wheat Orchestra, and was one of the most successful wedding dances ever held in Alberta.

Great credit is due to the proprietor of the Chinook hotel who spared no effort to help the newly-weds with the ceremonies, and we all wish to thank the happy couple for their generosity and wish them everlasting happiness and joy. —Contributed

Chinook Women's Institute Hold Monthly Meeting

The monthly meeting of the Chinook Women's Institute was held Thursday afternoon last at the home of Mrs. W. Lawrence, joint hostesses being Mrs. N. F. Marcy and Mrs. J. W. Shier.

The meeting was opened with singing "O, Canada." After the final business was disposed of, final arrangements were made for the constituency conference which was held on Wednesday afternoon. The president, Mrs. Lawrence, was appointed to give the address of welcome.

A committee of three was appointed for the library board, namely, Mrs. Turple, Mrs. Wilson and Mrs. Jacques. There was a good attendance. At the close a dainty lunch was served.

Attention, Mothers!

The ladies of the Women's Institute wish to announce that Dr. Esler has kindly consented to give a free examination for children from infant age up at the school Saturday afternoon, August 13th.

Heard Around Town

Many farmers are cutting wheat in the district this week.

Miss Helen Dawson is visiting with Miss Ina Rennie, at Rose Lynn, for a few days.

Mr. W. Henderson, of Calgary, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Isbister, Wednesday.

Lester Berry and R. D. Vanhook returned Friday from their trip to Calgary.

Miss J. Hoy, of Calgary, is spending a vacation at the home of Mrs. W. Lawrence.

Miss Margaret Young, of Hanna, is spending a short vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Young.

Mrs. E. W. Gell and her two children, of Calgary, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Nelson.

Miss Doris Marcy received word from the department that she had passed her Grade XII examination with honors. Congratulations, Doris.

After having some weeks of intensely hot weather, there was a shower of rain Wednesday night which has cooled the air.

Owing to lack of space, the report of the monthly meeting of Coliholme Municipal council will have to be laid over until our next issue.

J. Massey, (as far as we can learn), was the first one to start the harvest in this district when he began cutting his wheat, August 4.

A church vacation school is being held in the consolidated school. It began last Monday and will continue until August 19 from 9.30 to 12 every day except Saturday.

Owing to being short of space the report of the Acadia constituency Conference, which was held in the school hall Wednesday afternoon, will appear in next week's issue of the Advance.

We have been informed that Mr. A. E. Todd has purchased the house and lot now occupied by L. S. Dawson. It is the intention of Mr. Dawson to leave Chinook the end of this month for Wildwood, Alberta, where he has purchased a general store business.

A quiet wedding was solemnized in the United church Wednesday morning, August 3, when Mr. John Boostman of the Cereal district, and Miss Elizabeth Petersen, of Chinook, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony. Rev. J. Woollatt officiating. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Mary Petersen, and the groom by Mr. Gordon Agar. Only a few relatives and old friends were present at the ceremony—Cereal Recorder.

A farewell party, sponsored by Betty Milligan, was held in the school on Thursday evening last in honor of Ina Kennie and Helen and Kenneth Dawson. Ina leaving on Monday and Helen and Kenneth who will leave shortly. The evening was spent in dancing, after which the guests of honor and their friends adjourned to the lunch room where the tables were beautifully decorated in pink and white; Mesdames Milligan, Dobson and Nelson serving the lunch. After well chosen words, expressed the thoughts of their many friends and wished them much success in their new homes. Dancing was engaged in until the wee small hours of the morning, and then Ina, Helen and Kenneth were encircled by their many friends who sang "Auld Lang Syne."

S. A. Wilton brought in a load of new wheat Aug. 10 to the Western Canada Flour Mills, this being the first load of new wheat brought into Chinook this year. The wheat graded No. 1 Northern.

Mr. Murray is keeping his former reputation by getting the first new wheat.

Here and There

Lord Nigel Douglas-Hamilton, in charge of a party of thirty English Public School boys, who will arrive in Montreal August 5, under his supervision, claims that there is no better "finishing school" than a tour of this nature.

First wheat harvesting reports in the Canadian West were reported by the agricultural department of the Canadian Pacific Railway from Winnipeg, July 23, with barley and rye going under the knife in the Alta and Estevan subdivisions of the railway. The wheat was harvested in southern Manitoba.

Ancient will see the season to the Canadian Rockies at its peak with the Prince of Wales Trophy, already bringing in golf entries from far and near, scheduled for August 15-20 and coinciding with this event the Indian Days celebration, August 19-21, which will be attended by Stoney, Crees and Kootenays.

Conducting five French and five Swiss professional men from Paris, French Canadian Minister, Nicolas Racz, of the Paris office of the Canadian Pacific Railway, is visiting Toronto, Niagara Falls, Detroit, Chicago, Washington, New York, Albany, Montreal, Quebec, and returning to Europe on the Empress of Britain, August 6.

Mystery cruises, so popular out of New York, Southampton and other great ports, were ushered in on the British Columbia coast with the sailing of the coastal liner Princess Patricia, of the Canadian Pacific coastal service, to an unknown destination under sealed orders, recently. Close to 100 passengers were attracted by the trip.

July, red, succulent buffalo steaks grilled to a nicety, greeted the Australian and New Zealand delegates to the Ottawa Imperial Conference as they entered the dining car of their special train over the Canadian Pacific Railway out of Vancouver recently. The Anzacs were particularly impressed by this menu and pronounced it better than any beef they had ever eaten.

Governor Franklin Delano Roosevelt of New York, Democratic nominee for the Presidency, has for years been one of New Brunswick's most distinguished non-resident visitors, members of his family annually spending several weeks at the Roosevelt summer home at Campobello, one of the Canadian Pacific Islands in Passamaquoddy Bay. He first came there as a mere lad back in 1885.

Answering the call of Mt. Assiniboine, Mountaineers of the Canadian Rockies' old and new members of the Trail Riders' Association, gathered at Blair Lake, 25th with the objective of climbing the long ascent to the roof of the world and the Alpine country of the Great Divide in the vicinity of the Montserrat. The ride required five days in all. Twenty American and Canadian men, 13 boys and 13 dogs, were among those taking part. (80-)

CHINOOK MARKET PRICES

WHEAT

1 Northern	39
2 Northern	36
3 Northern	34
No. 4	32
No. 5	28
No. 6	24
Feed	23

OATS

2 C. W.	18
1 C. W.	15
Feed	13

WANTED—The news from every part of the Chinook district Send it in.



CROCUS LODGE, No. 115, A.F. & A.M. meets at 8 p.m. on Wednesday on or after full moon. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed. W. S. LEE, W.M., J. W. LAWRENCE, Sec.

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M. L. CHAPMAN, Chinook

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Sunday School every Sunday 11 a.m.
Sunday, Aug. 14—No Service
Pastor, J. D. Woollatt, B.A.

CHINOOK CATHOLIC

Service Sunday Every Month, Mass at 9 a.m.

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